

Plant Enhancement Activity – PLT02 – Monitoring key grazing areas to improve grazing management



Enhancement Description

Adjust grazing management based on monitoring data. Monitor key grazing areas to determine if current grazing management is meeting management goals and objectives. A key grazing area is a small area of a grazed field that is identified as being representative of the entire field.

Land Use Applicability

Pastureland, Rangeland, Forestland

Benefits

Proper grazing management will maintain and improve vegetation and soil conditions, improve water quality, and enhance wildlife habitat. Monitoring can be utilized to determine if current grazing management actions are having the desired effect on natural resources. Monitoring enables managers to make decisions and adjust management strategies as needed.

Conditions Where Enhancement Applies

This enhancement applies to all acres in the operation for the selected land use.

Criteria

1. Key grazing areas will be established for each grazed field
2. Each key grazing area will be monitored based on the frequency of grazing once established (i.e., more than annually if grazed multiple time per year)
3. Monitoring will include a photo for each pasture of key grazing area and use of one or more of the following techniques:
 - a. Plant productivity determinations
 - b. Measurements of key forage plant heights (before and after grazing) at least once per period
 - c. Locally applicable methods such as those described in “Monitoring for Grasslands, Shrublands and Savanna Ecosystems” available at http://usda-ars.nmsu.edu/monit_assess/monitoring.php
4. Each grazed field will follow a written grazing plan which meets NRCS requirements

Adoption Requirements

This enhancement is considered adopted when there is documentation that monitoring data has been collected and used to adjust the objectives in a grazing management plan.



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Documentation Requirements

1. A written grazing plan which meets NRCS requirements,
2. A map showing the location of each key grazing area,
3. Photographs from the fixed photo location points for each monitoring time,
4. Written documentation of the monitoring data collected, and
5. Written documentation of how monitoring data was used to adjust grazing management plans including modifications and objectives.

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References:

- ***NRCS Practice 528 – Prescribed Grazing***
- ***Pasture Condition Scoring Guide***

Link to Pasture Condition Scoring Guide

- <http://www.nrcs.usda.gov/wps/portal/nrcs/detail/national/landuse/range/pasture/pasture/?cid=STELPRDB1045215>
- http://www.nrcs.usda.gov/Internet/FSE_DOCUMENTS/stelprdb1044239.pdf

Link to Pasture Condition Score Sheet

- http://www.nrcs.usda.gov/Internet/FSE_DOCUMENTS/stelprdb1044237.pdf

The “Pasture Condition Scoring Guide” explains the use of the “Pasture Condition Score Sheet”. The “Pasture Condition Score Sheet” provides a methodology that uses ten factors to achieve a maximum score of 50 points. Use the Pasture Condition Score Sheet in connection with records of timing, intensity and duration of grazing along with stocking rates and densities to determine how the pasture responds to management. Make adjustments to management, record them, and use the Score Sheet to determine if the adjustments are achieving the desired effects.