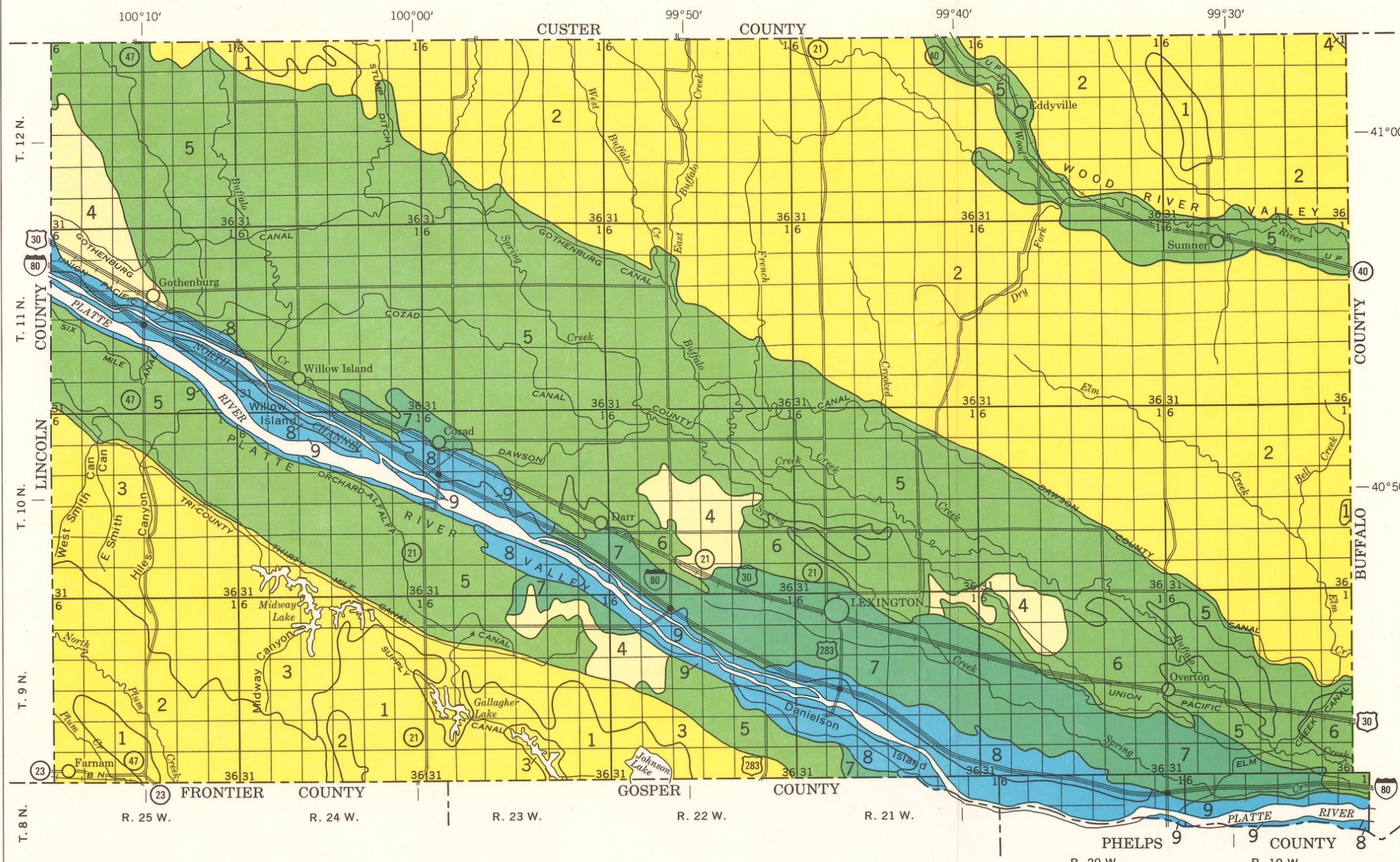


# GENERAL SOIL MAP

## DAWSON COUNTY, NEBRASKA

Scale 1:253,440  
 1 0 1 2 3 4 Miles



### SOIL ASSOCIATIONS \*

**SILTY SOILS ON UPLANDS AND ASSOCIATED SOILS ON BOTTOMS OF NARROW DRAINAGEWAYS**

- 1** Holdrege-Hall: Deep, nearly level to gently sloping, well drained, silty soils on uplands
- 2** Uly-Coly: Deep, strongly sloping to steep, well drained and somewhat excessively drained, silty soils on uplands
- 3** Coly-Uly-Hobbs: Deep, very gently sloping to very steep, well drained and somewhat excessively drained, silty soils on uplands and bottoms of narrow drainageways

**SANDY AND LOAMY SOILS ON UPLANDS AND STREAM TERRACES**

- 4** Valentine-Anselmo-Elsmere: Deep, nearly level to rolling, excessively drained to somewhat poorly drained, sandy and loamy soils on uplands and stream terraces

**SILTY SOILS ON STREAM TERRACES AND FOOT SLOPES**

- 5** Cozad-Hord: Deep, nearly level to gently sloping, well drained, silty soils on stream terraces and foot slopes
- 6** Wood River-Rusco-Cozad: Deep, nearly level, moderately well drained and well drained, silty soils on stream terraces

**LOAMY AND SILTY SOILS ON STREAM TERRACES**

- 7** Gosper-Cozad-Silver Creek: Deep, nearly level, somewhat poorly drained to well drained, silty and loamy soils on stream terraces

**LOAMY, SILTY, AND SANDY SOILS ON BOTTOM LAND**

- 8** Lex-Lawet-Gibbon: Deep and moderately deep over sand and gravel, nearly level, somewhat poorly drained and poorly drained, loamy and silty soils on bottom land
- 9** Gothenburg-Platte: Shallow and very shallow over sand and gravel, nearly level, poorly drained and somewhat poorly drained, loamy and silty soils on bottom land

\*Texture named in descriptive heading refers to that of the surface layer.

Compiled 1977

SECTIONALIZED TOWNSHIP

6	5	4	3	2	1
7	8	9	10	11	12
18	17	16	15	14	13
19	20	21	22	23	24
30	29	28	27	26	25
31	32	33	34	35	36

*Each area outlined on this map consists of more than one kind of soil. The map is thus meant for general planning rather than a basis for decisions on the use of specific tracts.*