



Natural  
Resources  
Conservation  
Service

# Arizona

## Basin Outlook Report

### January 15, 2015



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## **Basin Outlook Reports And Federal – State – Private Cooperative Snow Surveys**

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### ***How forecasts are made***

Most of the annual streamflow in Arizona originates as snowfall that has accumulated in the mountains during the winter and early spring. As the snowpack accumulates, hydrologists estimate the runoff that will occur when it melts. Measurements of snow water equivalent at selected manual snow courses and automated Snow Telemetry (SNOTEL) sites, along with precipitation and streamflow values, are used in statistical and simulation models to prepare runoff forecasts. These forecasts are coordinated between hydrologists in the Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) the National Weather Service, and the Salt River Project.

Forecasts of any kind are not perfect. Streamflow forecast uncertainty arises from three primary sources: (1) uncertainty of future weather conditions, (2) uncertainty in the forecasting procedure, and (3) errors in the data. The forecast, therefore, must be interpreted not as a single value but rather as a range of values with specific probabilities of occurrence. The middle of the range is expressed by the 50% exceedance probability forecast, for which there is a 50% chance that the actual flow will be above, and a 50% chance that the actual flow will be below, this value. To describe the expected range around this 50% value, four other forecasts are provided, two smaller values (90% and 70% exceedance probability) and two larger values (30%, and 10% exceedance probability). For example, there is a 90% chance that the actual flow will be more than the 90% exceedance probability forecast.

The wider the spread among these values, the more uncertain the forecast. As the season progresses, forecasts become more accurate, primarily because a greater portion of the future weather conditions become known. This is reflected by a narrowing of the range around the 50% exceedance probability forecast. Users should take this uncertainty into consideration when making operational decisions by selecting forecasts corresponding to the level of risk they are willing to assume about the amount of water to be expected. If users anticipate receiving a lesser supply of water, or are concerned about having an adequate water supply, they may want to base their decisions on the 90% or 70% exceedance probability forecasts. On the other hand, if users anticipate receiving too much water, or are concerned about the threat of flooding, they may want to base their decisions on the 30% or 10% exceedance probability forecasts. Regardless of the forecast value users choose, they should be prepared to deal with either more or less water.



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# ARIZONA Basin Outlook Report as of January 15, 2015

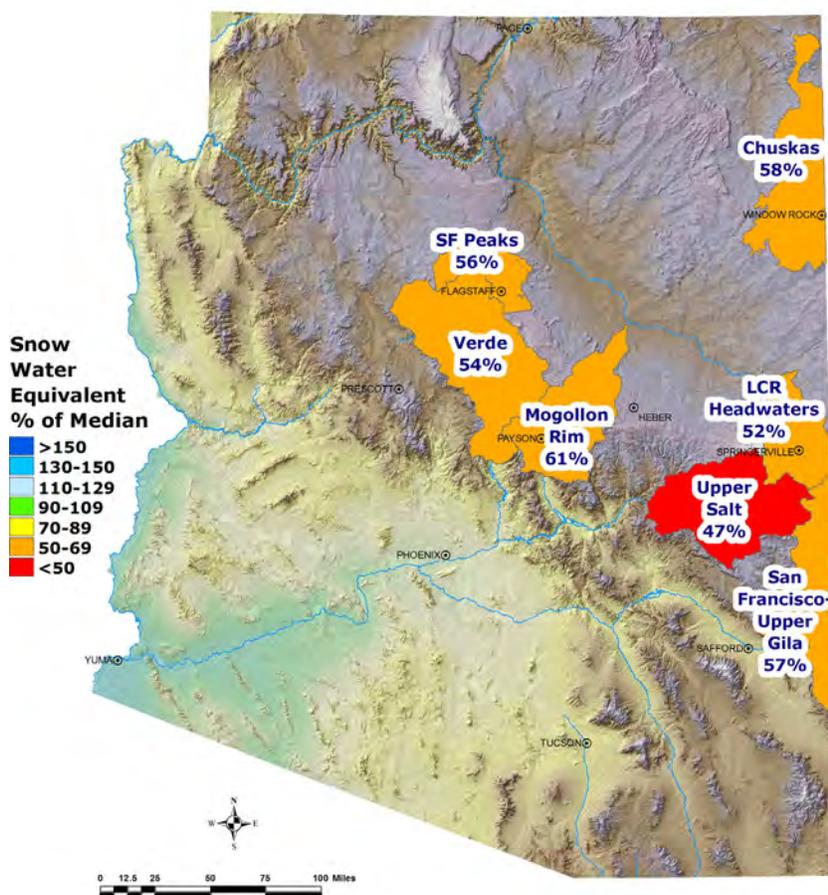
## SUMMARY

As of January 15, snowpack levels are well below normal throughout the state. Precipitation for the first half of January was below average in most of the major river basins. The Salt and Verde River reservoir system stands at 50 percent of capacity, while San Carlos Reservoir is at 9 percent of capacity. The mid-month forecast calls for below normal to well below normal runoff in all basins for the spring runoff period.

## SNOWPACK

Snow water equivalent levels in the state's major river basins are well below normal, ranging from 47 percent of median in the Salt River Basin to 57 percent of median in the San Francisco-Upper Gila River Basin. The statewide snowpack is also well below normal at 51 percent of median.

**Arizona  
Snow Water Equivalent  
as of January 15, 2015**

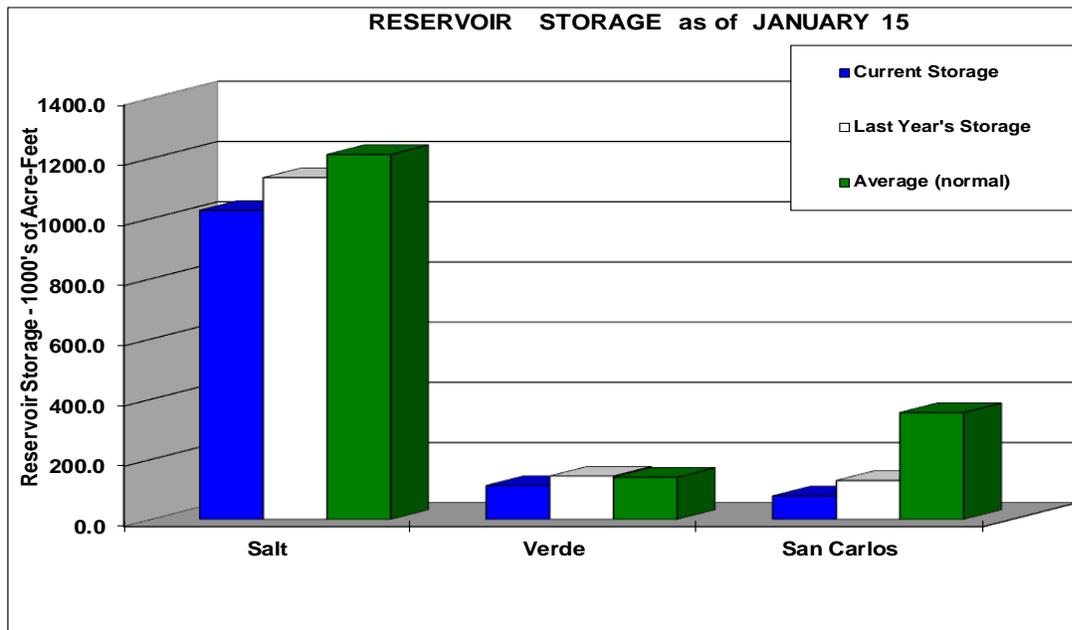


## PRECIPITATION

Mountain data from NRCS SNOTEL sites and NWS Cooperator gages show that precipitation for the first half of January was below normal, except for the San Francisco-Upper Gila River Basin, where total rain and snow was slightly above normal. Cumulative precipitation since October 1 remains below normal in all basins. Please refer to the precipitation bar graphs found in this report for more information on precipitation levels in the basins.

## RESERVOIR STORAGE

As of January 15, the Salt and Verde River reservoir system stands at 50 percent of capacity. San Carlos Reservoir is currently at 9 percent of capacity.



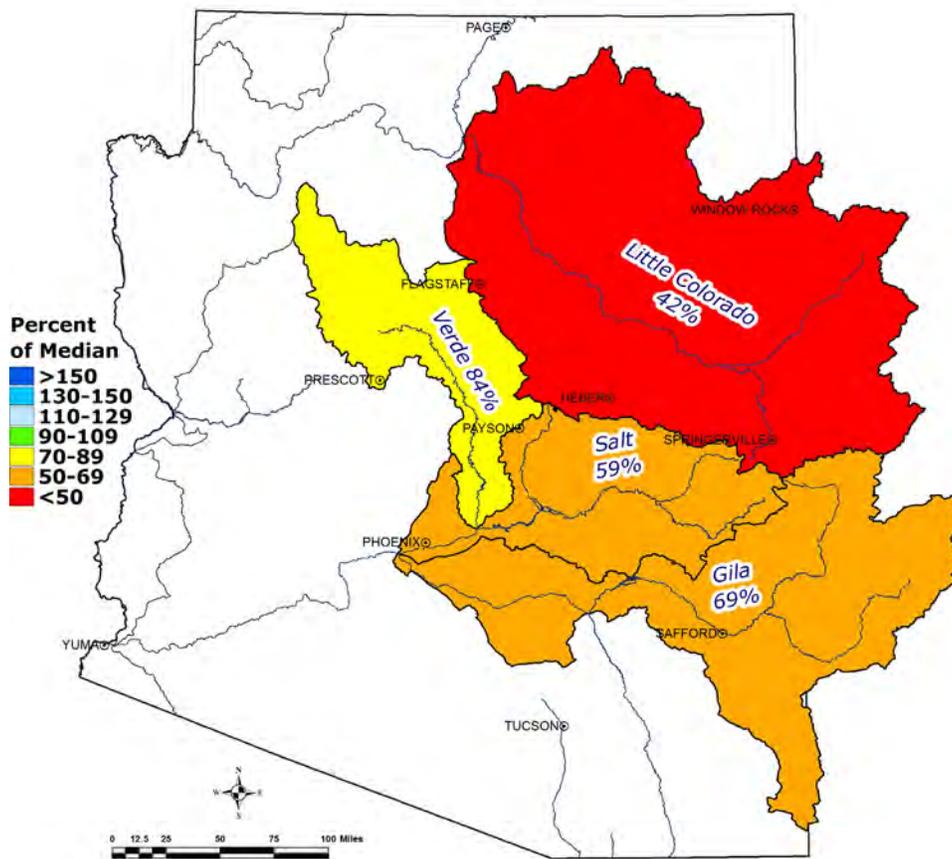
Key storage volumes displayed in thousands of acre-feet (x1000):

<u>Reservoir</u>	<u>Current Storage</u>	<u>Last Year Storage</u>	<u>30-Year Average</u>	<u>Storage Capacity</u>
Salt River System	1026.4	1135.1	1212.0	2025.8
Verde River System	112.6	144.0	140.2	287.4
San Carlos Reservoir	78.0	129.1	355.0	875.0
Lyman Lake	4.0	9.0	12.0	30.0
Lake Havasu	560.6	538.1	561.2	619.0
Lake Mohave	1602.2	1649.5	1659.0	1810.0
Lake Mead	10742.0	12427.0	20361.0	26159.0
Lake Powell	11338.0	10078.0	17553.0	24322.0

## STREAMFLOW

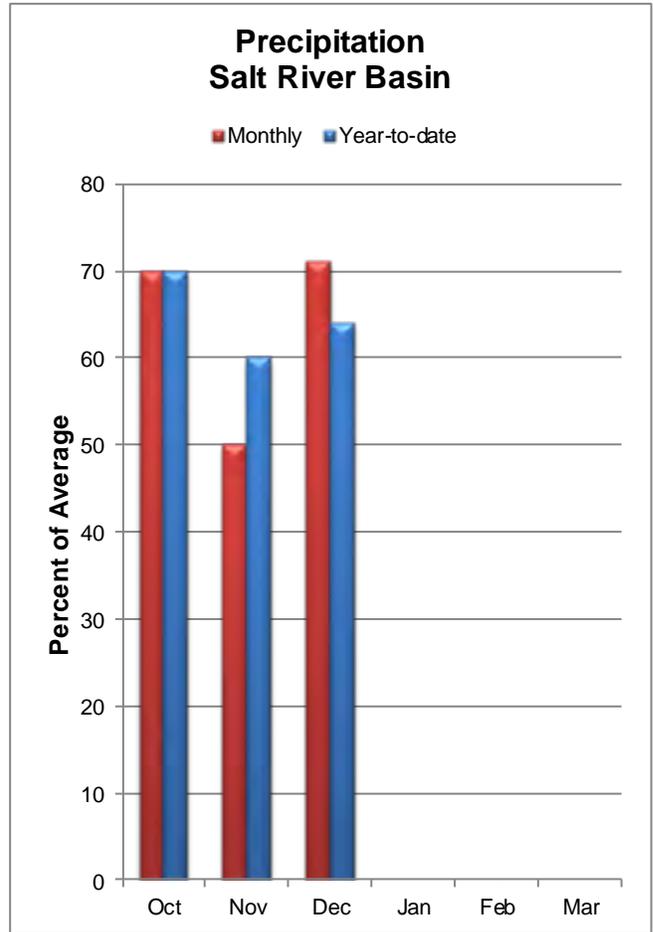
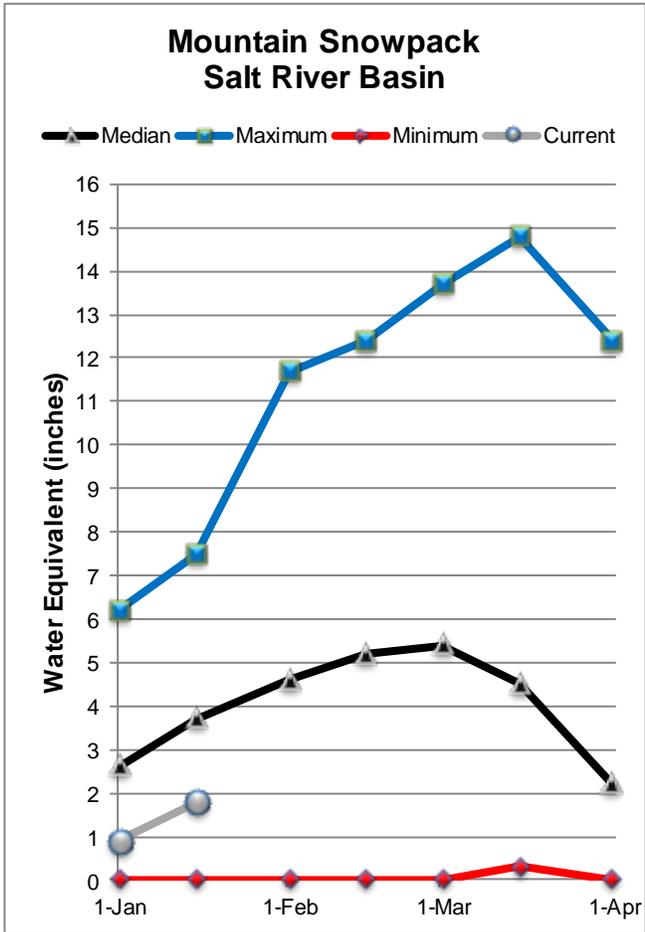
As of January 15, the forecast calls for below normal to well below normal streamflow for the spring runoff period, ranging from 42 percent of median in the Little Colorado River above Lyman Lake to 84 percent of median in the Verde River above Horseshoe Dam. The mid-month streamflow forecasts are further declined due to the lack of precipitation during the first half of the month and an increased expectation for below average precipitation for the remainder of the winter. Please refer to the basin forecast tables found in this report for more information regarding water supply forecasts.

### Arizona Spring Streamflow Forecasts as of January 15, 2015



## SALT RIVER BASIN as of January 15, 2015

Well below normal streamflow levels are forecast for the basin. In the Salt River, near Roosevelt, the forecast calls for 59% of median streamflow through May, while at Tonto Creek, the forecast calls for 79% of median streamflow through May. Snow survey measurements show the Salt snowpack to be at 47% of median.



### Salt River Basin Streamflow Forecasts - January 15, 2015

Forecast Exceedance Probabilities for Risk Assessment Chance that actual volume will exceed forecast
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SALT RIVER BASIN	Forecast Period	90% (KAF)	70% (KAF)	50% (KAF)	% Avg	30% (KAF)	10% (KAF)	30yr Avg (KAF)
Salt R nr Roosevelt <sup>3</sup>	JAN			12	50%			24
	MAR-MAY	47	89	129	54%	180	275	240
	J15-MAY	64	121	176	59%	245	375	300
Tonto Ck ab Gun Ck nr Roosevelt <sup>3</sup>	JAN			3	79%			3.8
	J15-MAY	7.8	18.7	30	79%	45	76	38

1) 90% and 10% exceedance probabilities are actually 95% and 5%

2) Forecasts are for unimpaired flows. Actual flow will be dependent on management of upstream reservoirs and diversions

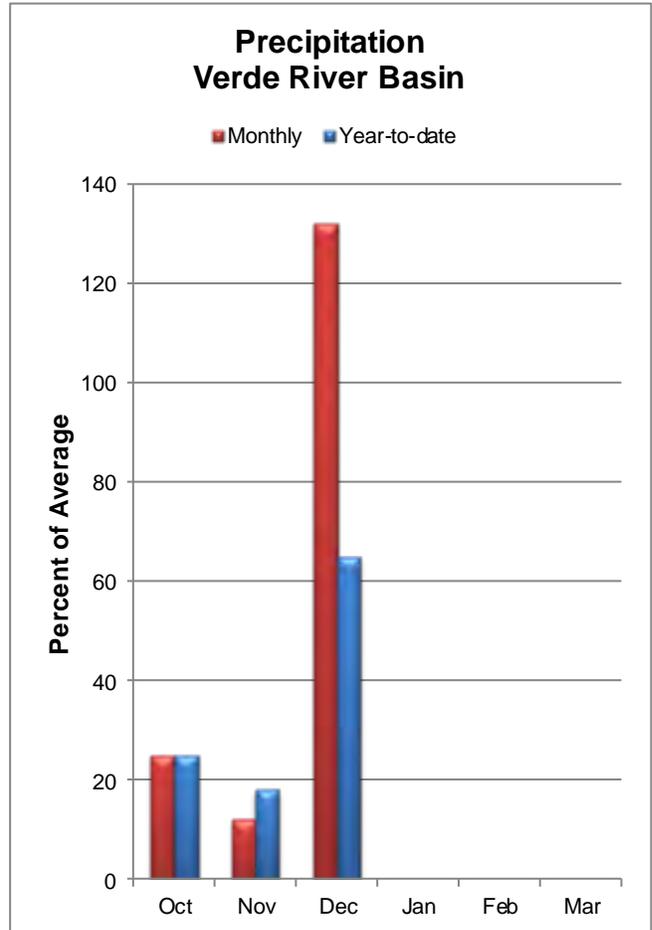
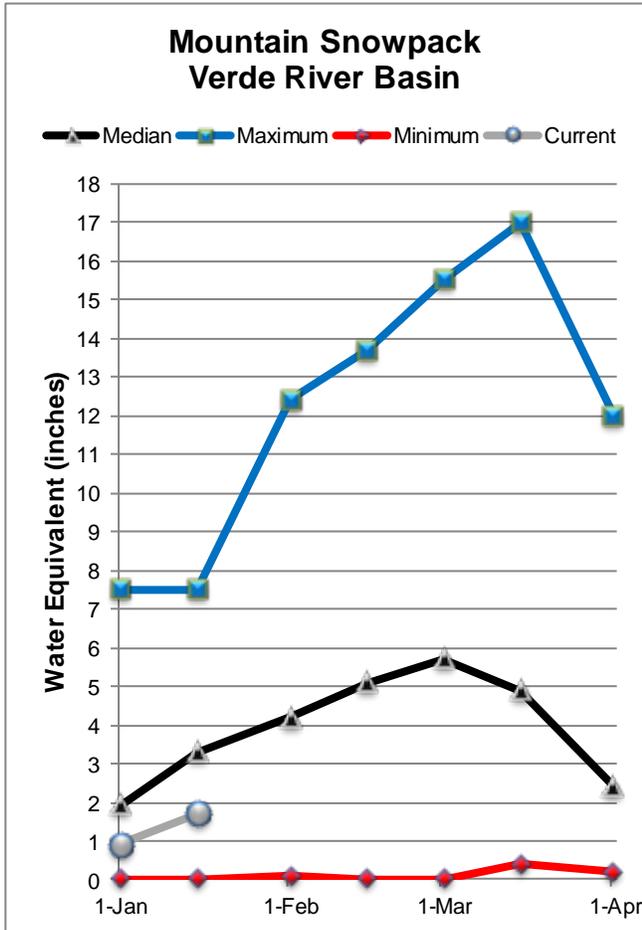
3) Median value used in place of average

Reservoir Storage End of December, 2014	Current (KAF)	Last Year (KAF)	Average (KAF)	Capacity (KAF)
Salt River Reservoir System	1026.4	1135.1	1212.0	2025.8
Basin-wide Total	1026.4	1135.1	1212.0	2025.8
# of reservoirs	1	1	1	1

Watershed Snowpack Analysis January 1, 2015	# of Sites	% Median	Last Year % Median
SALT RIVER BASIN	12	47%	45%

## VERDE RIVER BASIN as of January 15, 2015

Below normal streamflow levels are forecast for the basin. In the Verde River above Horseshoe Dam, the forecast calls for 84% of median streamflow through May. Snow survey measurements show the Verde snowpack to be at 54% of median.



## Verde River Basin Streamflow Forecasts - January 15, 2015

Forecast Exceedance Probabilities for Risk Assessment  
Chance that actual volume will exceed forecast

VERDE RIVER BASIN	Forecast Period	90% (KAF)	70% (KAF)	50% (KAF)	% Avg	30% (KAF)	10% (KAF)	30yr Avg (KAF)
Verde R bl Tangle Ck ab Horseshoe Dam <sup>3</sup>								
	JAN			19	83%			23
	J15-MAY	50	82	122	84%	172	270	145

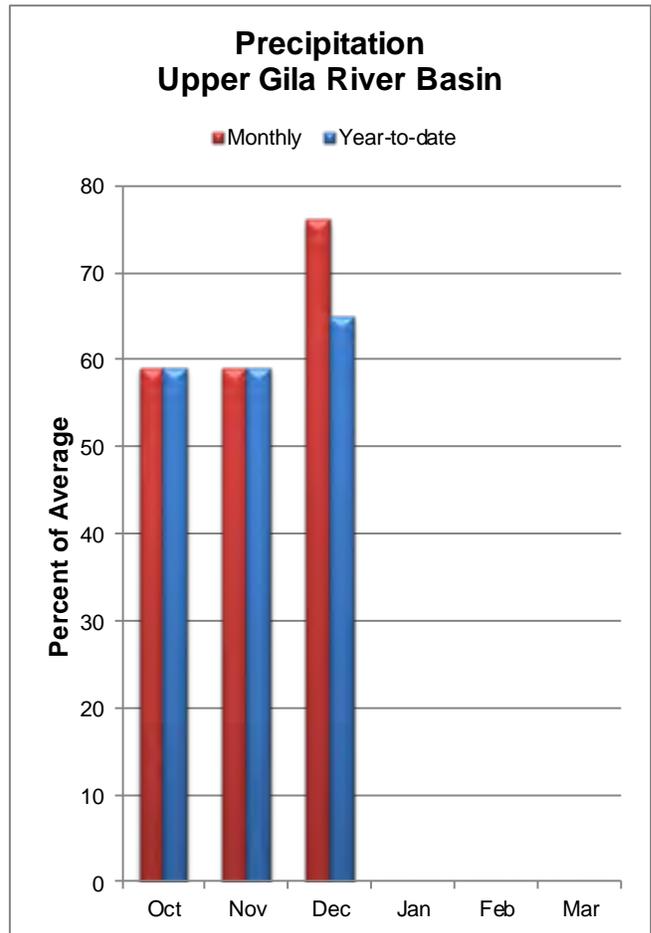
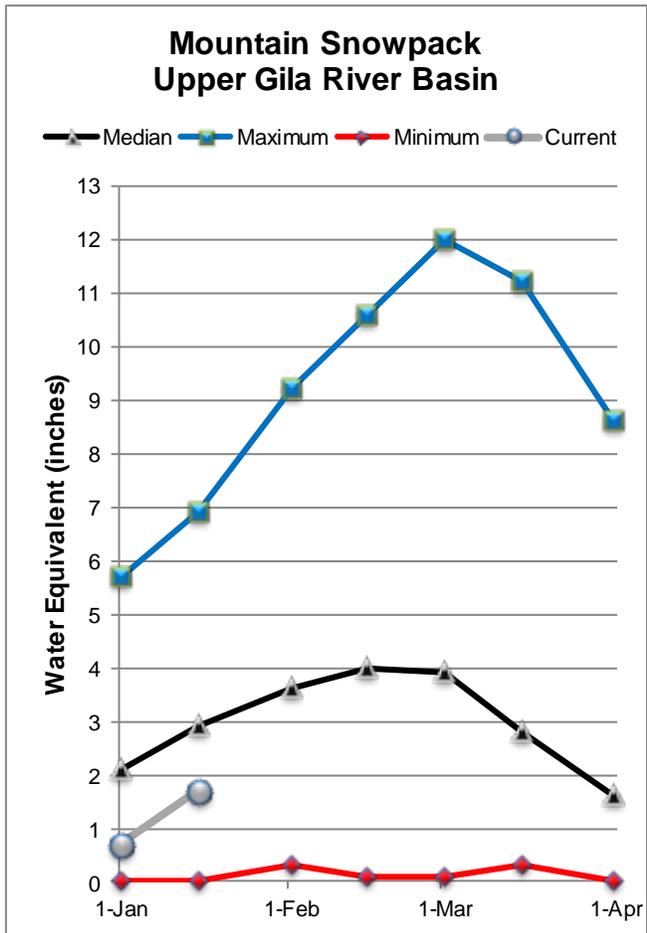
- 1) 90% and 10% exceedance probabilities are actually 95% and 5%
- 2) Forecasts are for unimpaired flows. Actual flow will be dependent on management of upstream reservoirs and diversions
- 3) Median value used in place of average

<b>Reservoir Storage End of December, 2014</b>	Current (KAF)	Last Year (KAF)	Average (KAF)	Capacity (KAF)
Verde River Reservoir System	112.6	144.0	140.2	287.4
Basin-wide Total	112.6	144.0	140.2	287.4
# of reservoirs	1	1	1	1

<b>Watershed Snowpack Analysis January 1, 2015</b>	# of Sites	% Median	Last Year % Median
VERDE RIVER BASIN	11	54%	64%

## SAN FRANCISCO-UPPER GILA RIVER BASIN as of January 15, 2015

Well below normal streamflow levels are forecast for the basin. In the San Francisco River, at Clifton, the forecast calls for 64% of median streamflow levels through May. In the Gila River, near Solomon, the forecast calls for 69% of median streamflow levels through May. At San Carlos Reservoir, inflow to the lake is forecast at 70% of median through May. Snow survey measurements show the snowpack for this basin to be at 57% of median.



### San Francisco-Upper Gila River Basin Streamflow Forecasts - January 15, 2015

Forecast Exceedance Probabilities for Risk Assessment  
Chance that actual volume will exceed forecast

SAN FRANCISCO-UPPER GILA RIVER BASIN	Forecast Period	90% (KAF)	70% (KAF)	50% (KAF)	% Avg	30% (KAF)	10% (KAF)	30yr Avg (KAF)
Gila R at Gila <sup>3</sup>	J15-MAY	14.5	27	38	70%	52	79	54
Gila R bl Blue Ck nr Virden <sup>3</sup>	J15-MAY	13	31	51	71%	76	121	72
San Francisco R at Glenwood <sup>3</sup>	J15-MAY	3.7	9.2	15	77%	23	39	19.6
San Francisco R at Clifton <sup>3</sup>	J15-MAY	11	20	36	64%	57	96	56
Gila R nr Solomon <sup>3</sup>	JAN	6.4	12	16.8	85%	22	32	19.7
San Carlos Reservoir Inflow <sup>3</sup>	J15-MAY	23	55	90	69%	134	215	130
	J15-MAY	2.7	29	63	70%	110	200	90

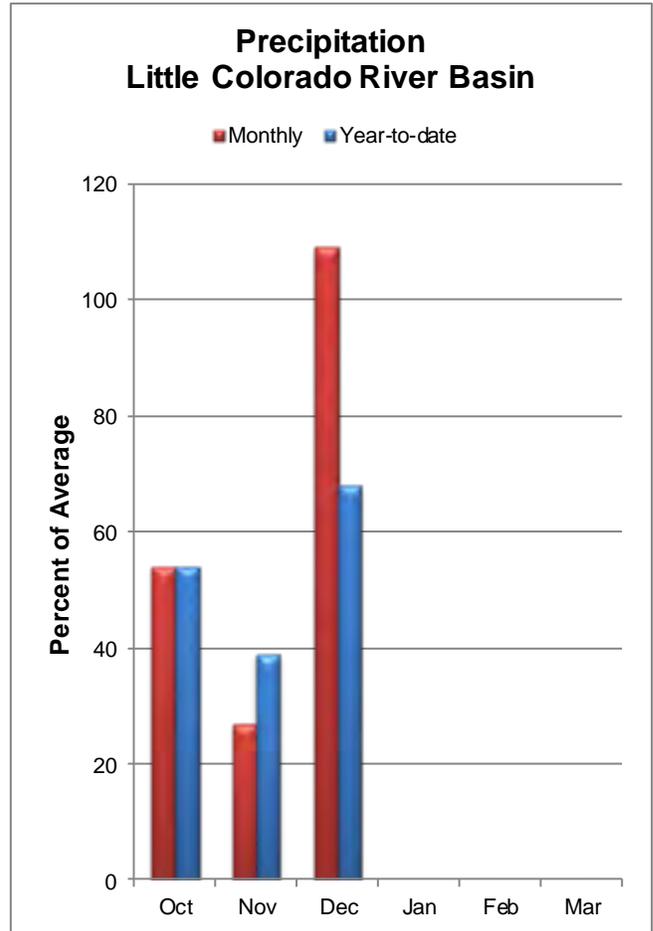
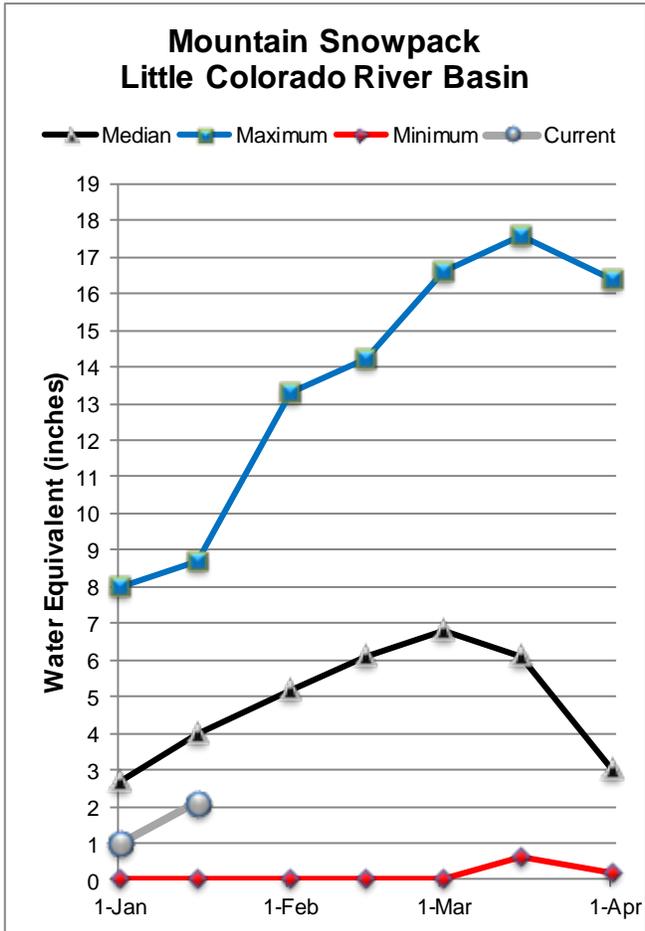
- 1) 90% and 10% exceedance probabilities are actually 95% and 5%
- 2) Forecasts are for unimpaired flows. Actual flow will be dependent on management of upstream reservoirs and diversions
- 3) Median value used in place of average

Reservoir Storage End of December, 2014	Current (KAF)	Last Year (KAF)	Average (KAF)	Capacity (KAF)
San Carlos Reservoir	78.0	129.1	355.0	875.0
Basin-wide Total	78.0	129.1	355.0	875.0
# of reservoirs	1	1	1	1

Watershed Snowpack Analysis January 1, 2015	# of Sites	% Median	Last Year % Median
SAN FRANCISCO-UPPER GILA RIVER BASIN	11	57%	41%

## LITTLE COLORADO RIVER BASIN as of January 15, 2015

Well below normal streamflow levels are forecast for the basin. In the Little Colorado River, above Lyman Lake, the forecast calls for 42% of median streamflow through June. At Blue Ridge (C.C. Cragin) Reservoir, inflow to the lake is forecast at 60% of median through May. Snowpacks along the southern headwaters of the Little Colorado River, and along the central Mogollon Rim, were measured at 52% and 61% of median, respectively.



### Little Colorado River Basin Streamflow Forecasts - January 15, 2015

Forecast Exceedance Probabilities for Risk Assessment  
Chance that actual volume will exceed forecast

LITTLE COLORADO RIVER BASIN	Forecast Period	90% (KAF)	70% (KAF)	50% (KAF)	% Avg	30% (KAF)	10% (KAF)	30yr Avg (KAF)
Little Colorado R ab Lyman Lake <sup>3</sup>	JAN15-JUN	0.88	1.94	3	42%	4.4	7.1	7.1
Blue Ridge Reservoir Inflow <sup>3</sup>	JAN15-MAY	2.5	6.1	10	60%	15.2	26	16.6
Lake Mary Reservoir Inflow <sup>3</sup>	JAN15-MAY	1.5	2	3	63%	4.2	6.6	4.8

1) 90% and 10% exceedance probabilities are actually 95% and 5%

2) Forecasts are for unimpaired flows. Actual flow will be dependent on management of upstream reservoirs and diversions

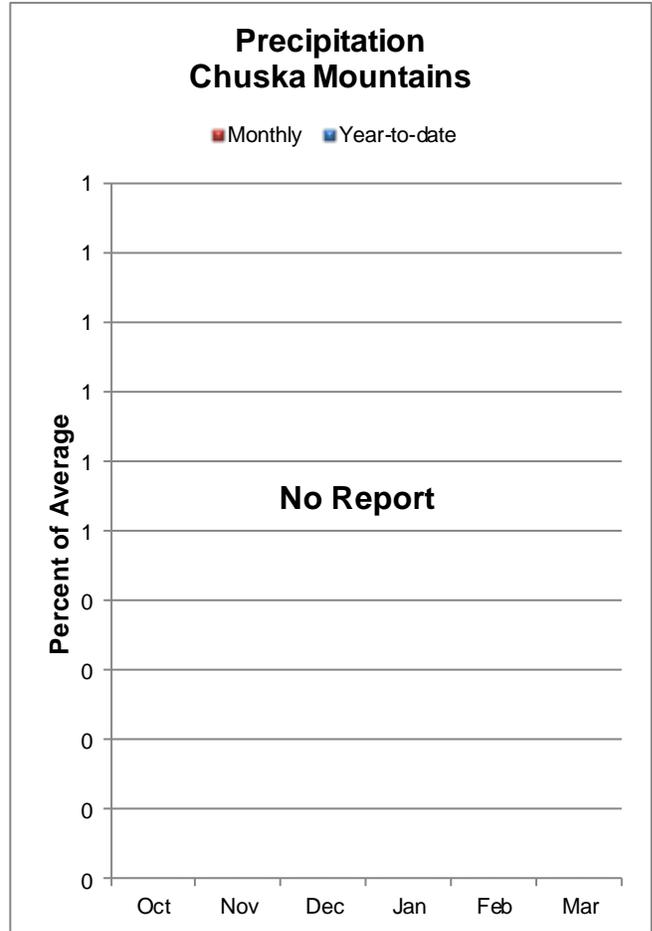
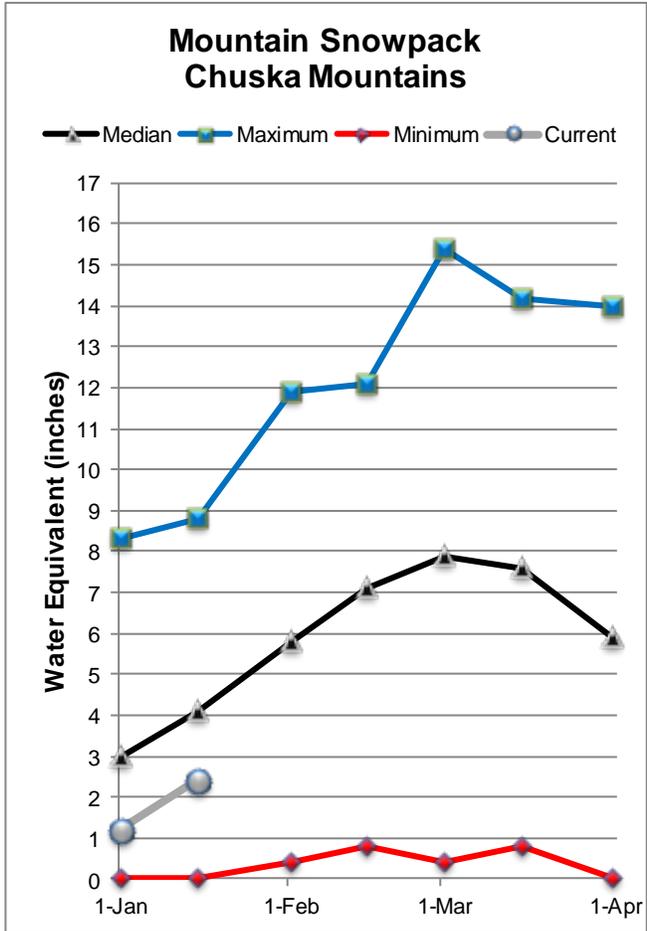
3) Median value used in place of average

Reservoir Storage End of December, 2014	Current (KAF)	Last Year (KAF)	Average (KAF)	Capacity (KAF)
Lyman Reservoir	4.0	9.0	12.0	30.0
Basin-wide Total	4.0	9.0	12.0	30.0
# of reservoirs	1	1	1	1

Watershed Snowpack Analysis January 1, 2015	# of Sites	% Median	Last Year % Median
LITTLE COLORADO RIVER BASIN	10	52%	49%
CENTRAL MOGOLLON RIM	4	61%	47%

## CHUSKA MOUNTAINS as of January 15, 2014

Snow survey measurements conducted by staff of the Navajo Nation Water Management Branch show the Chuska snowpack to be at 58% of median. The forecast calls for well below normal runoff for Wheatfields Creek, Captain Tom Wash, and Bowl Canyon Creek.



## Chuska Mountains Streamflow Forecasts - January 15, 2015

Forecast Exceedance Probabilities for Risk Assessment  
Chance that actual volume will exceed forecast

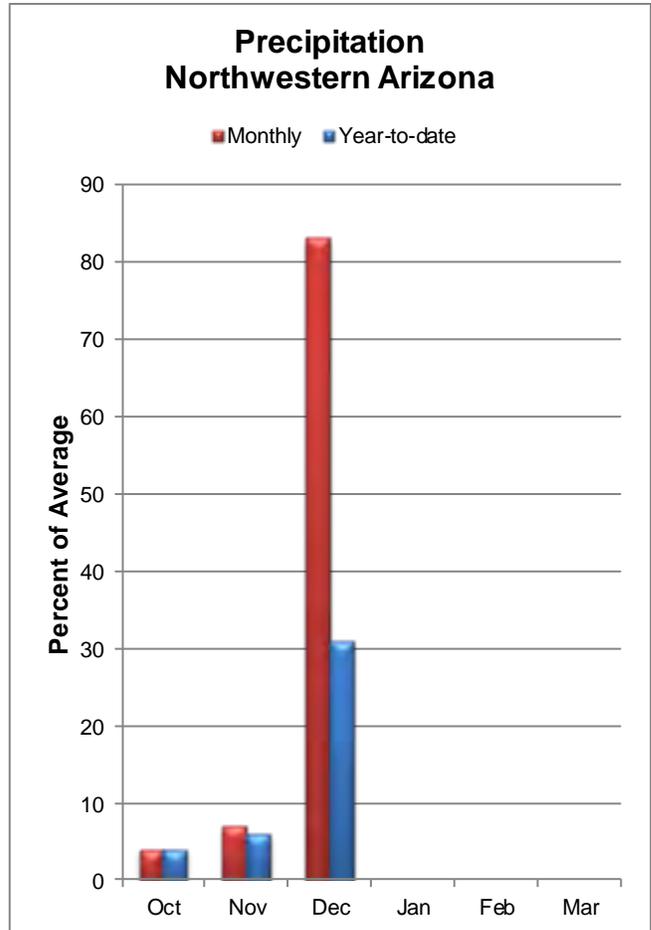
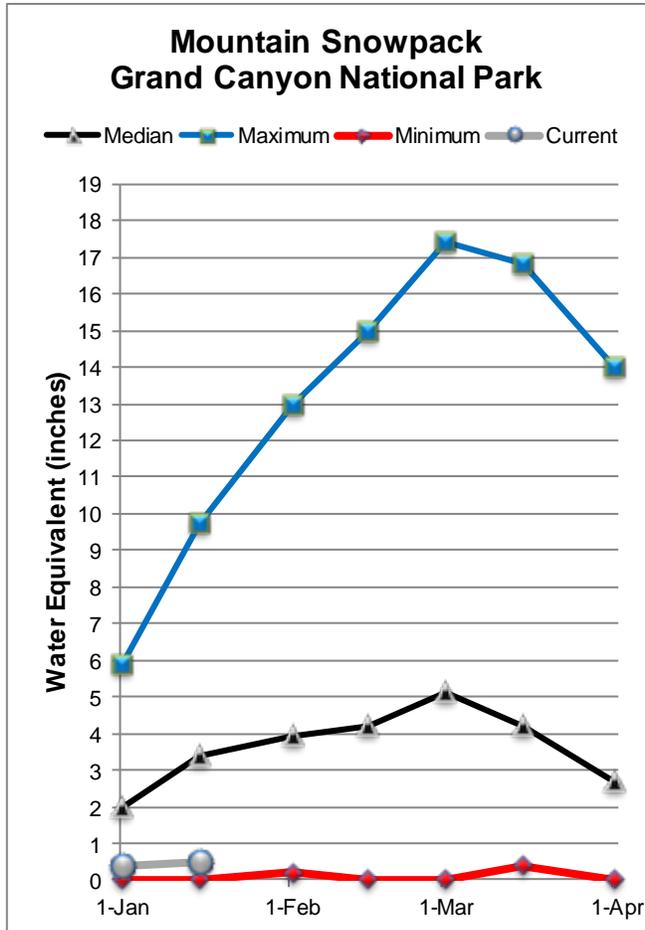
<b>CHUSKA MOUNTAINS</b>	Forecast Period	90% (KAF)	70% (KAF)	50% (KAF)	% Avg	30% (KAF)	10% (KAF)	30yr Avg (KAF)
Captain Tom Wash nr Two Gray Hills	MAR-MAY	0.08	0.43	1.3	50%	2.9	7.1	2.6
Wheatfields Ck nr Wheatfields	MAR-MAY	0.38	0.59	1.03	49%	1.6	2.7	2.1
Bowl Canyon Ck ab Asaayi Lake	MAR-MAY	0.27	0.38	0.73	56%	1.19	2.1	1.3

- 1) 90% and 10% exceedance probabilities are actually 95% and 5%  
 2) Forecasts are for unimpaired flows. Actual flow will be dependent on management of upstream reservoirs and diversions  
 3) Median value used in place of average

<b>Watershed Snowpack Analysis January 1, 2015</b>	# of Sites	% Median	Last Year % Median
CHUSKA MOUNTAINS	6	58%	58%
DEFIANCE PLATEAU	1	50%	55%

## NORTHWESTERN ARIZONA as of January 15, 2014

On the Colorado River, below normal inflow to Lake Powell is forecast at 82% of the 30-year average for the forecast period April-July. At the Grand Canyon, measurements conducted by park rangers show the snowpack to be at 20% of median.



## Northwestern Arizona Streamflow Forecasts - January 15, 2015

Forecast Exceedance Probabilities for Risk Assessment  
Chance that actual volume will exceed forecast

NORTHWESTERN ARIZONA	Forecast Period	90% (KAF)	70% (KAF)	50% (KAF)	% Avg	30% (KAF)	10% (KAF)	30yr Avg (KAF)
Lake Powell Inflow <sup>2</sup>	APR-JUL	3050	4690	5900	82%	7470	9930	7160

1) 90% and 10% exceedance probabilities are actually 95% and 5%

2) Forecasts are for unimpaired flows. Actual flow will be dependent on management of upstream reservoirs and diversions

3) Median value used in place of average

<b>Reservoir Storage End of December, 2014</b>	Current (KAF)	Last Year (KAF)	Average (KAF)	Capacity (KAF)
Lake Havasu	560.6	538.1	561.2	619.0
Lake Mohave	1602.2	1649.5	1659.0	1810.0
Lake Mead	10742.0	12427.0	20361.0	26159.0
Lake Powell	11338.0	10078.0	17553.0	24322.0
Basin-wide Total	24242.8	24692.6	40134.2	52910.0
# of reservoirs	4	4	4	4

<b>Watershed Snowpack Analysis January 1, 2015</b>	# of Sites	% Median	Last Year % Median
NORTHWESTERN ARIZONA	1	20%	27%

**Basinwide Summary: January 16, 2015**  
**(Averages/Medians based on 1981-2010 reference period)**

Snowpack Summary for January 16, 2015
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Map Num	SALT RIVER BASIN	Network	Elevation (ft)	Depth (in)	SWE (in)	Median (in)	% Median	Last Year SWE (in)	Last Year % Median
5	Baldy	SNOTEL	9125	8	2.1	5.0	42%	2.5	50%
7	Beaver Head	SNOTEL	7990	3	1.5	3.2	47%	3.1	97%
8	Beaver Head	SC	8000	4	0.6	2.2	27%	0.0	0%
12	Buck Spring	SC	7400	2	0.2	2.3	9%	0.3	13%
16	Coronado Trail	SNOTEL	8400	4	1.1	2.8	39%	0.1	4%
17	Coronado Trail	SC	8350	8	1.2	2.2	55%	0.0	0%
19	Fort Apache	SC	9160	14	2.4	5.2	46%	2.5	48%
24	Hannagan Meadows	SNOTEL	9020	15	3.2	6.1	52%	3.5	57%
29	Maverick Fork	SNOTEL	9200	15	2.9	5.2	56%	2.8	54%
34	Nutriosio	SC	8500	5	0.7	1.3	54%	0.0	0%
35	Nutriosio	SNOTEL	8500	2	0.9			0.0	
42	Wildcat	SNOTEL	7850	2	0.9	2.4	38%	0.1	4%
44	Workman Creek	SNOTEL	6900	8	2.4	3.1	77%	3.4	110%
<b>Basin Index</b>							<b>47%</b>	<b>45%</b>	
# of sites							12	12	

Map Num	VERDE RIVER BASIN	Network	Elevation (ft)	Depth (in)	SWE (in)	Median (in)	% Median	Last Year SWE (in)	Last Year % Median
2	Baker Butte	SNOTEL	7300	5	1.7	2.9	59%	1.9	66%
3	Baker Butte No. 2	SC	7700	12	3.3	5.6	59%	2.6	46%
4	Baker Butte Smt	SNOTEL	7700	12	3.7			4.7	
6	Bar M	SNOTEL	6393	1	0.1			1.0	
13	Chalender	SC	7100	1	0.1	1.6	6%	0.4	25%
14	Chalender	SNOTEL	7100	3	1.0			1.5	
20	Fort Valley	SC	7350	2	0.2	1.8	11%	0.5	28%
21	Fort Valley	SNOTEL	7350	1	0.1			0.2	
22	Fry	SNOTEL	7200	8	2.8	4.0	70%	3.4	85%
25	Happy Jack	SNOTEL	7630	11	2.9	3.0	97%	3.4	113%
26	Happy Jack	SC	7630	9	1.4	2.8	50%	2.0	71%
30	Mormon Mountain	SNOTEL	7500	8	2.3	2.8	82%	1.9	68%
31	Mormon Mountain Summit #2	SC	8470	12	2.2	5.4	41%		
32	Mormon Mtn Summit	SNOTEL	8500	15	3.3			3.4	
33	Newman Park	SC	6750	0	0.0	1.4	0%	0.9	64%
41	White Horse Lake	SNOTEL	7180	3	1.2	3.0	40%	1.2	40%
43	Williams Ski Run	SC	7720	10	2.4	4.8	50%	3.2	67%
<b>Basin Index</b>							<b>54%</b>	<b>64%</b>	
# of sites							11	11	

Map Num	SAN FRANCISCO PEAKS	Network	Elevation (ft)	Depth (in)	SWE (in)	Median (in)	% Median	Last Year SWE (in)	Last Year % Median
37	Snow Bowl #2	SC	11200	25	5.2	10.8	48%	5.5	51%
38	Snowslide Canyon	SNOTEL	9730	25	6.2	9.7	64%	8.6	89%
<b>Basin Index</b>							<b>56%</b>	<b>69%</b>	
# of sites							2	2	

Map Num	SAN FRANCISCO-UPPER GILA RIVER BASIN	Network	Elevation (ft)	Depth (in)	SWE (in)	Median (in)	% Median	Last Year SWE (in)	Last Year % Median
8	Beaver Head	SNOTEL	7990	3	1.5	3.2	47%	3.1	97%
9	Beaver Head	SC	8000	4	0.6	2.2	27%	0.0	0%
16	Coronado Trail	SNOTEL	8400	4	1.1	2.8	39%	0.1	4%
17	Coronado Trail	SC	8350	8	1.2	2.2	55%	0.0	0%
	Frisco Divide	SNOTEL	8000	5	1.5	2.0	75%	1.9	95%
24	Hannagan Meadows	SNOTEL	9020	15	3.2	6.1	52%	3.5	57%
	Hummingbird - Aerial And Snow Course	SC	10550						
	Lookout Mountain	SNOTEL	8500	3	1.0	1.8	56%	0.6	33%
34	Nutriosio	SC	8500	5	0.7	1.3	54%	0.0	0%
35	Nutriosio	SNOTEL	8500	2	0.9			0.0	
	Signal Peak	SNOTEL	8360	8	2.5	3.1	81%	0.7	23%
	Silver Creek Divide	SNOTEL	9000	14	3.4	4.4	77%	1.7	39%
	State Line	SC	8000	4	0.6	1.4	43%	0.8	57%
	Whitewater - Aerial And Snow Course	SC	10750						
<b>Basin Index</b>							<b>57%</b>	<b>41%</b>	
# of sites							11	11	

Map Num	LITTLE COLORADO RIVER BASIN	Network	Elevation (ft)	Depth (in)	SWE (in)	Median (in)	% Median	Last Year SWE (in)	Last Year % Median
2	Baker Butte	SNOTEL	7300	5	1.7	2.9	59%	1.9	66%
3	Baker Butte No. 2	SC	7700	12	3.3	5.6	59%	2.6	46%
4	Baker Butte Smt	SNOTEL	7700	12	3.7			4.7	
6	Baldy	SNOTEL	9125	8	2.1	5.0	42%	2.5	50%
12	Buck Spring	SC	7400	2	0.2	2.3	9%	0.3	13%
15	Cheese Springs	SC	8700	12	1.9	3.4	56%	1.2	35%
19	Fort Apache	SC	9160	14	2.4	5.2	46%	2.5	48%
27	Heber	SNOTEL	7640	5	2.0	3.1	65%	1.1	35%
28	Lake Mary	SC	6930	5	1.1	2.2	50%	2.4	109%
29	Maverick Fork	SNOTEL	9200	15	2.9	5.2	56%	2.8	54%
36	Promontory	SNOTEL	7930	12	3.4	5.4	63%	2.4	44%
<b>Basin Index</b>							<b>52%</b>		<b>49%</b>
# of sites							10		10

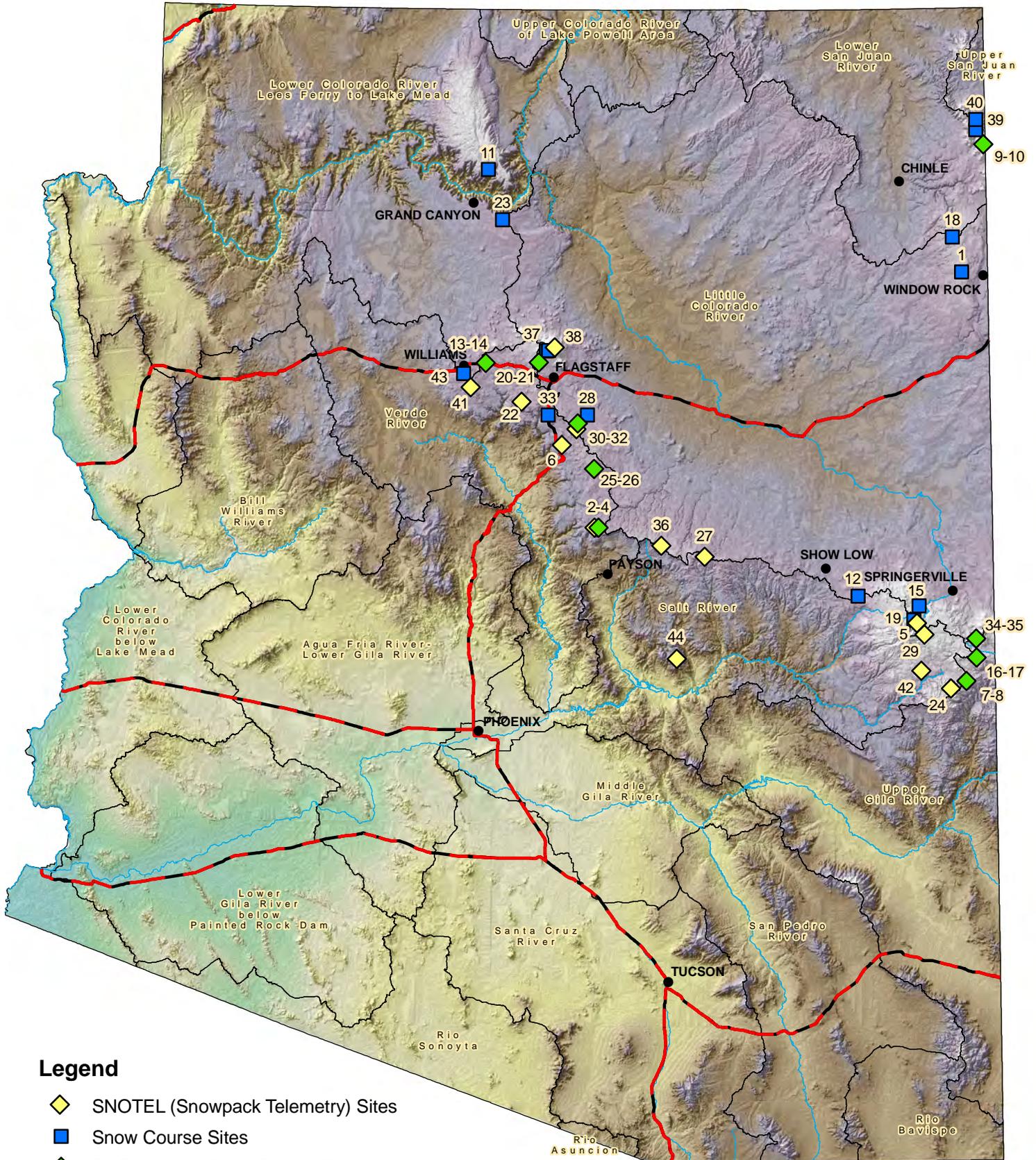
Map Num	CENTRAL MOGOLLON RIM	Network	Elevation (ft)	Depth (in)	SWE (in)	Median (in)	% Median	Last Year SWE (in)	Last Year % Median
2	Baker Butte	SNOTEL	7300	5	1.7	2.9	59%	1.9	66%
3	Baker Butte No. 2	SC	7700	12	3.3	5.6	59%	2.6	46%
4	Baker Butte Smt	SNOTEL	7700	12	3.7			4.7	
27	Heber	SNOTEL	7640	5	2.0	3.1	65%	1.1	35%
36	Promontory	SNOTEL	7930	12	3.4	5.4	63%	2.4	44%
<b>Basin Index</b>							<b>61%</b>		<b>47%</b>
# of sites							4		4

Map Num	CHUSKA MOUNTAINS	Network	Elevation (ft)	Depth (in)	SWE (in)	Median (in)	% Median	Last Year SWE (in)	Last Year % Median
9	Beaver Spring	SC	9220	16	3.1	5.0	62%	2.5	50%
10	Beaver Spring	SNOTEL	9200	14	2.8			3.2	
	Bowl Canyon	SC	8980	14	2.4	4.0	60%	2.6	65%
	Hidden Valley	SC	8480	14	2.4			1.5	
	Missionary Spring	SC	7940	4	0.4	2.5	16%	0.4	16%
39	Tsaile Canyon #1	SC	8160	14	2.1	3.2	66%	2.4	75%
40	Tsaile Canyon #3	SC	8920	21	3.5	5.4	65%	3.2	59%
	Whiskey Creek	SC	9050	15	2.7	4.4	61%	3.2	73%
	Navajo Whiskey Ck	SNOTEL	9050	11	2.3			2.3	
<b>Basin Index</b>							<b>58%</b>		<b>58%</b>
# of sites							6		6

Map Num	DEFIANCE PLATEAU	Network	Elevation (ft)	Depth (in)	SWE (in)	Median (in)	% Median	Last Year SWE (in)	Last Year % Median
18	Fluted Rock	SC	7800	5	1.0	2.0	50%	1.1	55%
<b>Basin Index</b>							<b>50%</b>		<b>55%</b>
# of sites							1		1

Map Num	NORTHWESTERN ARIZONA	Network	Elevation (ft)	Depth (in)	SWE (in)	Median (in)	% Median	Last Year SWE (in)	Last Year % Median
11	Bright Angel	SC	8400	5	1.0	5.1	20%	1.4	27%
23	Grand Canyon	SC	7500	0	0.0	1.7	0%		
<b>Basin Index</b>							<b>20%</b>		<b>27%</b>
# of sites							1		1

# Arizona Snow Survey Data Sites



## Legend

-  SNOTEL (Snowpack Telemetry) Sites
-  Snow Course Sites
-  SNOTEL and Snow Course Sites
-  Basin Boundaries

