



United States
Department of
Agriculture

Natural
Resources
Conservation
Service

Arizona

Basin Outlook Report

February 1, 2015



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Basin Outlook Reports And Federal – State – Private Cooperative Snow Surveys

How forecasts are made

Most of the annual streamflow in Arizona originates as snowfall that has accumulated in the mountains during the winter and early spring. As the snowpack accumulates, hydrologists estimate the runoff that will occur when it melts. Measurements of snow water equivalent at selected manual snow courses and automated Snow Telemetry (SNOTEL) sites, along with precipitation and streamflow values, are used in statistical and simulation models to prepare runoff forecasts. These forecasts are coordinated between hydrologists in the Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) the National Weather Service, and the Salt River Project.

Forecasts of any kind are not perfect. Streamflow forecast uncertainty arises from three primary sources: (1) uncertainty of future weather conditions, (2) uncertainty in the forecasting procedure, and (3) errors in the data. The forecast, therefore, must be interpreted not as a single value but rather as a range of values with specific probabilities of occurrence. The middle of the range is expressed by the 50% exceedance probability forecast, for which there is a 50% chance that the actual flow will be above, and a 50% chance that the actual flow will be below, this value. To describe the expected range around this 50% value, four other forecasts are provided, two smaller values (90% and 70% exceedance probability) and two larger values (30%, and 10% exceedance probability). For example, there is a 90% chance that the actual flow will be more than the 90% exceedance probability forecast.

The wider the spread among these values, the more uncertain the forecast. As the season progresses, forecasts become more accurate, primarily because a greater portion of the future weather conditions become known. This is reflected by a narrowing of the range around the 50% exceedance probability forecast. Users should take this uncertainty into consideration when making operational decisions by selecting forecasts corresponding to the level of risk they are willing to assume about the amount of water to be expected. If users anticipate receiving a lesser supply of water, or are concerned about having an adequate water supply, they may want to base their decisions on the 90% or 70% exceedance probability forecasts. On the other hand, if users anticipate receiving too much water, or are concerned about the threat of flooding, they may want to base their decisions on the 30% or 10% exceedance probability forecasts. Regardless of the forecast value users choose, they should be prepared to deal with either more or less water.



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ARIZONA Basin Outlook Report as of February 1, 2015

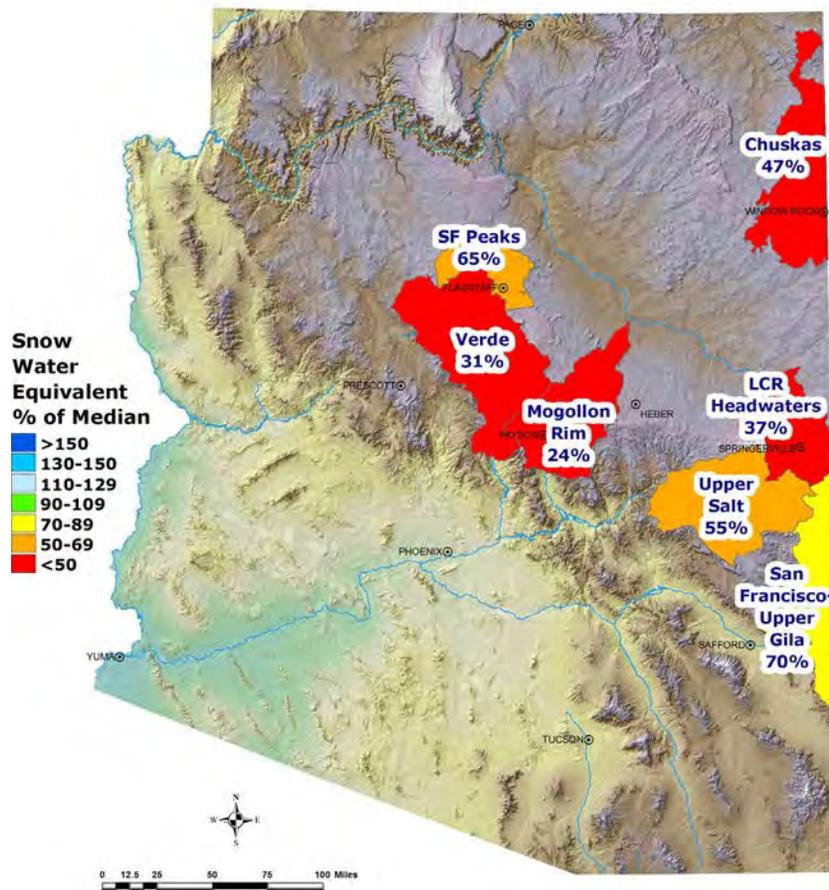
SUMMARY

As of February 1, snowpack levels are well below normal throughout the basins. Precipitation for the month of January ranged from about average to above average in the mountains. The Salt and Verde River reservoir system now stands at 51 percent of capacity, while San Carlos Reservoir is at 10 percent of capacity. The forecast calls for below normal to well below normal runoff in the basins for the spring runoff period.

SNOWPACK

Snow water equivalent levels are well below normal in all of the major river basins, ranging from 31 percent of median in the Verde River Basin to 70 percent of median in the San Francisco-Upper Gila River Basin. The statewide snowpack is also currently well below normal at 41 percent of median. There was very little snowpack accumulation during January until a storm system on the last two days of the month brought a few inches of new snow to the eastern portions of the state.

**Arizona
Snow Water Equivalent
as of February 1, 2015**

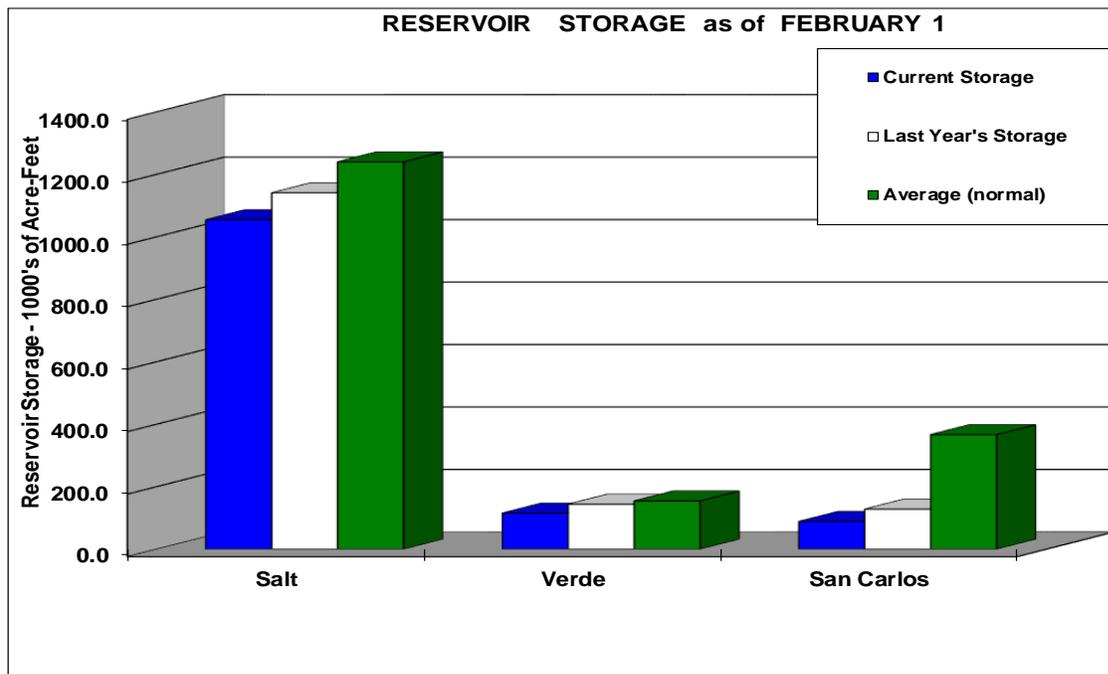


PRECIPITATION

Mountain data from NRCS SNOTEL sites and NWS Cooperator gages show that January precipitation was normal to above normal, ranging from 93 percent of average in the Verde River Basin to 138 percent of average in the San Francisco-Upper Gila River Basin. A late January storm brought some much needed relief to the mountains. Cumulative precipitation since October 1, however, remains below normal in all basins. Please refer to the precipitation bar graphs found in this report for more information on precipitation levels in the basins.

RESERVOIR STORAGE

As of February 1, the Salt and Verde River reservoir system stands at 51 percent of capacity. San Carlos Reservoir is well below normal at only 10 percent of capacity.



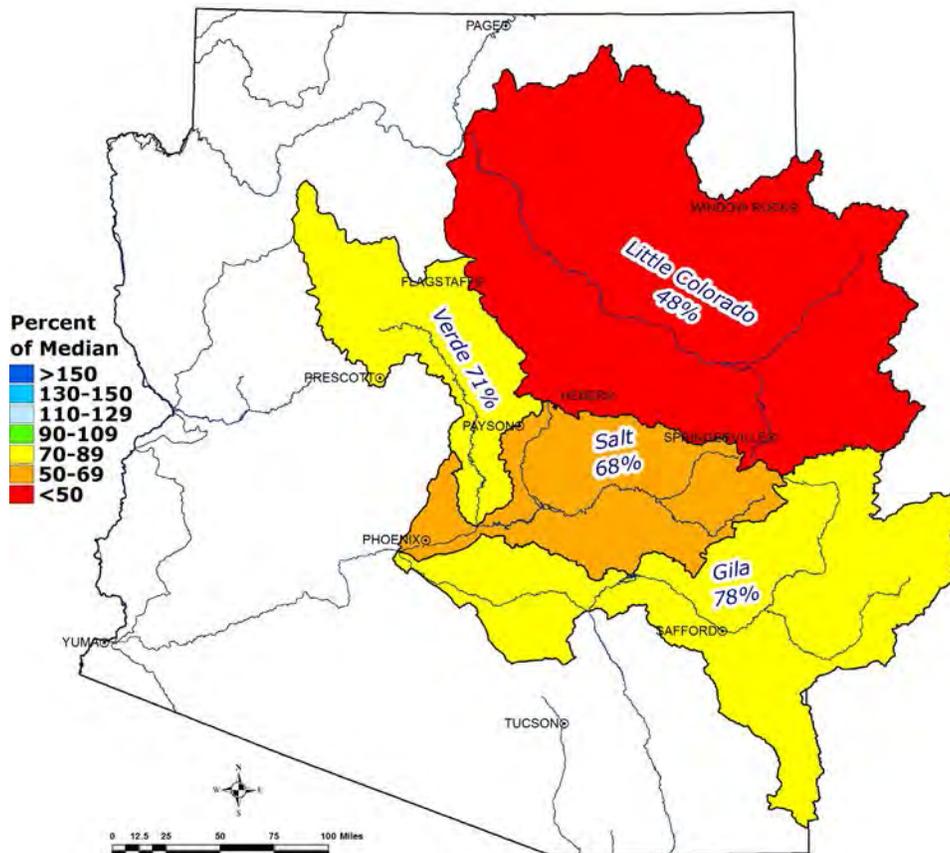
Key storage volumes displayed in thousands of acre-feet (x1000):

<u>Reservoir</u>	<u>Current Storage</u>	<u>Last Year Storage</u>	<u>30-Year Average</u>	<u>Storage Capacity</u>
Salt River System	1054.6	1140.9	1240.0	2025.8
Verde River System	115.5	144.0	154.4	287.4
San Carlos Reservoir	88.7	128.2	366.8	875.0
Lyman Lake	4.1	9.1	12.3	30.0
Lake Havasu	585.2	547.8	556.4	619.0
Lake Mohave	1697.0	1640.0	1676.0	1810.0
Lake Mead	10739.0	12543.0	20452.0	26159.0
Lake Powell	11146.0	9819.0	17338.0	24322.0

STREAMFLOW

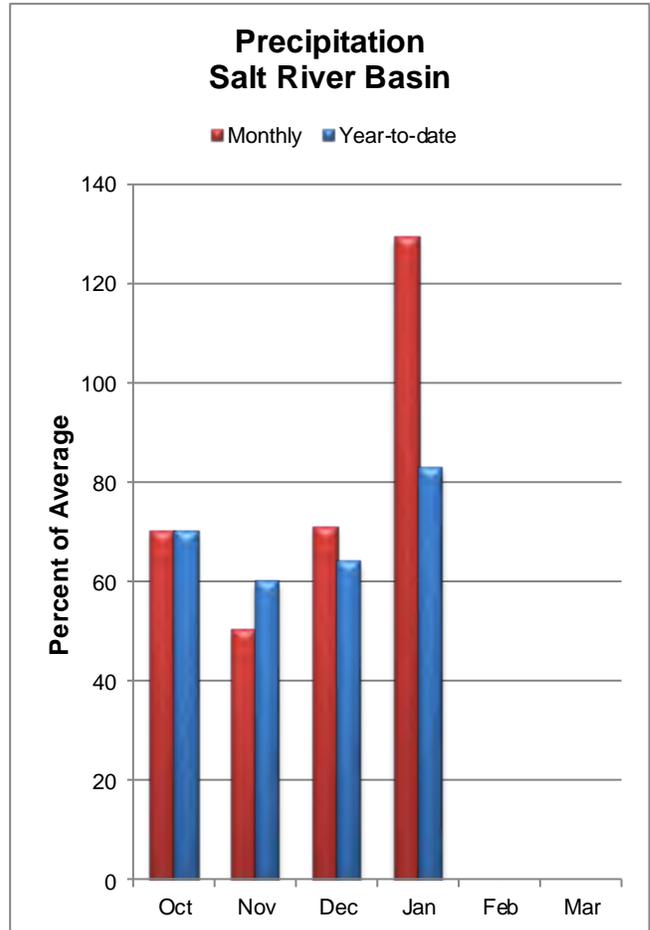
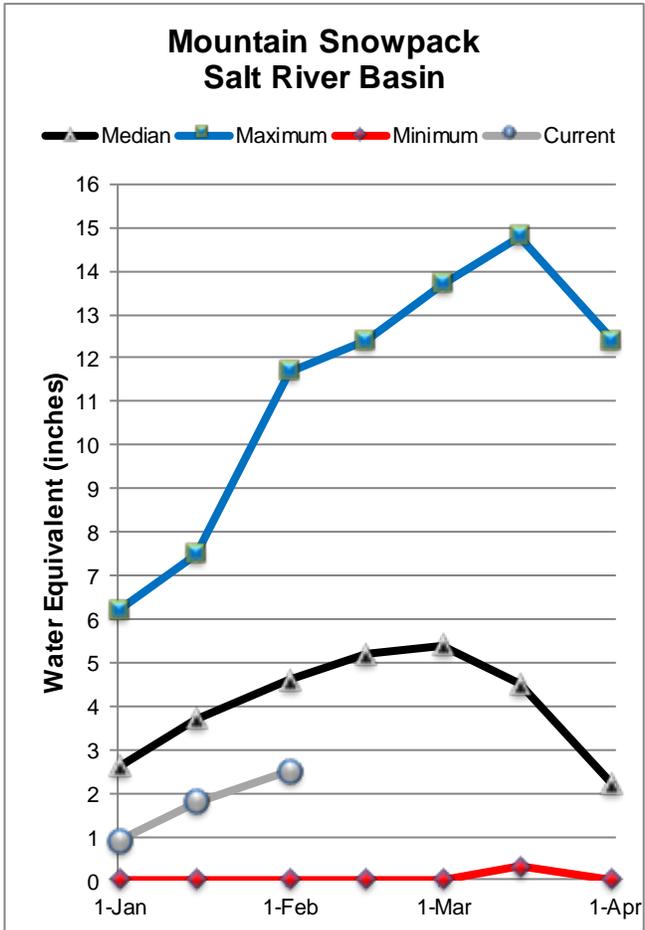
As of February 1, the forecast calls for below normal to well below normal streamflow for the spring runoff period in the state's major river systems, ranging from 48 percent of median in the Little Colorado River above Lyman Lake to 78 percent of median in the Gila River near Solomon. The streamflow forecasts, except for the Verde River Basin, are slightly improved from the last report primarily due to the late January precipitation. However, the precipitation outlook for the remainder of the winter is not improved. Please refer to the basin forecast tables found in this report for more information regarding water supply forecasts.

Arizona Spring Streamflow Forecasts as of February 1, 2015



SALT RIVER BASIN as of February 1, 2015

Well below normal streamflow levels are forecast for the basin. In the Salt River, near Roosevelt, the forecast calls for 68% of median streamflow through May, while at Tonto Creek, the forecast calls for 63% of median streamflow through May. Snow survey measurements show the Salt snowpack to be at 55% of median.



Salt River Basin Streamflow Forecasts - February 1, 2015

Forecast Exceedance Probabilities for Risk Assessment Chance that actual volume will exceed forecast

SALT RIVER BASIN	Forecast Period	90% (KAF)	70% (KAF)	50% (KAF)	% Avg	30% (KAF)	10% (KAF)	30yr Avg (KAF)
<hr/>								
Salt R nr Roosevelt ³	FEB			38	97%			39
	FEB-MAY	86	143	193	68%	255	365	285
	MAR-MAY	65	111	153	64%	205	295	240
Tonto Ck ab Gun Ck nr Roosevelt ³	FEB			8	78%			10.3
	FEB-MAY	3.8	12.2	22	63%	36	66	35

1) 90% and 10% exceedance probabilities are actually 95% and 5%

2) Forecasts are for unimpaired flows. Actual flow will be dependent on management of upstream reservoirs and diversions

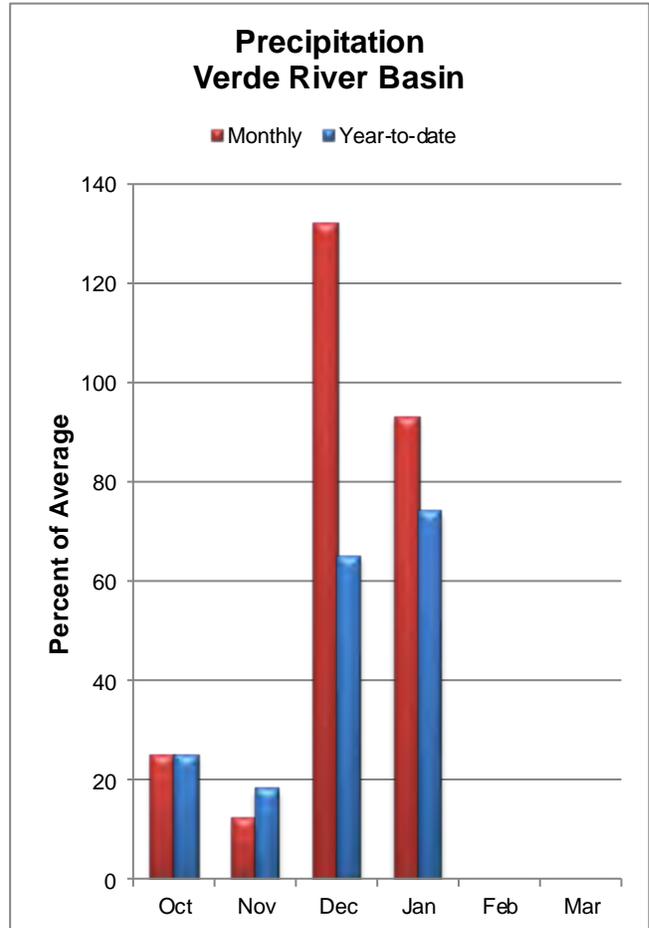
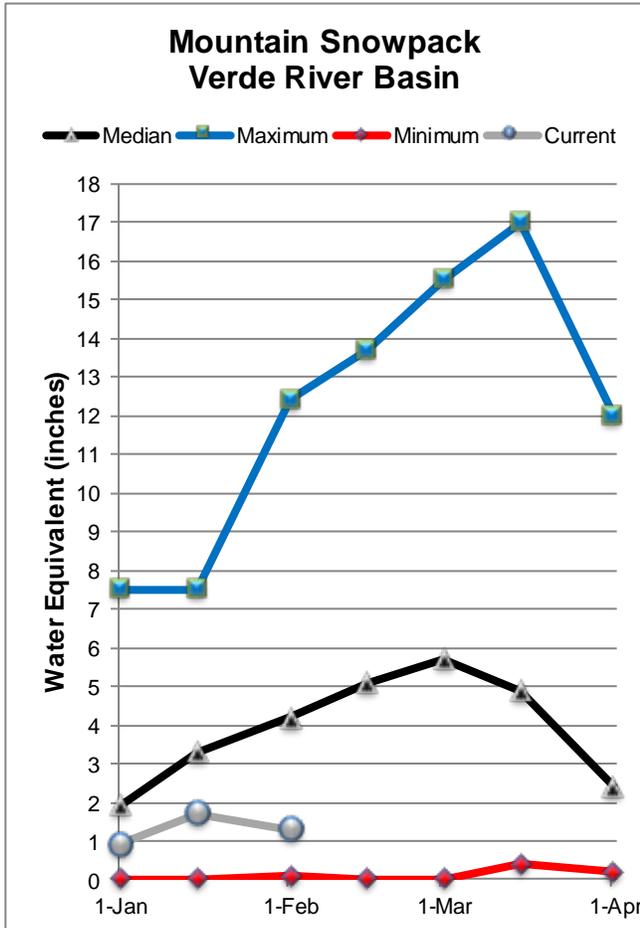
3) Median value used in place of average

Reservoir Storage End of January, 2015	Current (KAF)	Last Year (KAF)	Average (KAF)	Capacity (KAF)
Salt River Reservoir System	1054.6	1140.9	1240.0	2025.8
Basin-wide Total	1054.6	1140.9	1240.0	2025.8
# of reservoirs	1	1	1	1

Watershed Snowpack Analysis February 1, 2015	# of Sites	% Median	Last Year % Median
SALT RIVER BASIN	12	54%	33%

VERDE RIVER BASIN as of February 1, 2015

Well below normal streamflow levels are forecast for the basin. In the Verde River, at Horseshoe Dam, the forecast calls for 71% of median streamflow through May. Snow survey measurements show the Verde snowpack to be at 31% of median.



Verde River Basin Streamflow Forecasts - February 1, 2015

Forecast Exceedance Probabilities for Risk Assessment
Chance that actual volume will exceed forecast

VERDE RIVER BASIN	Forecast Period	90% (KAF)	70% (KAF)	50% (KAF)	% Avg	30% (KAF)	10% (KAF)	30yr Avg (KAF)
Verde R bl Tangle Ck ab Horseshoe Dam ³	FEB			26	74%			35
	FEB-MAY	42	64	97	71%	140	225	136

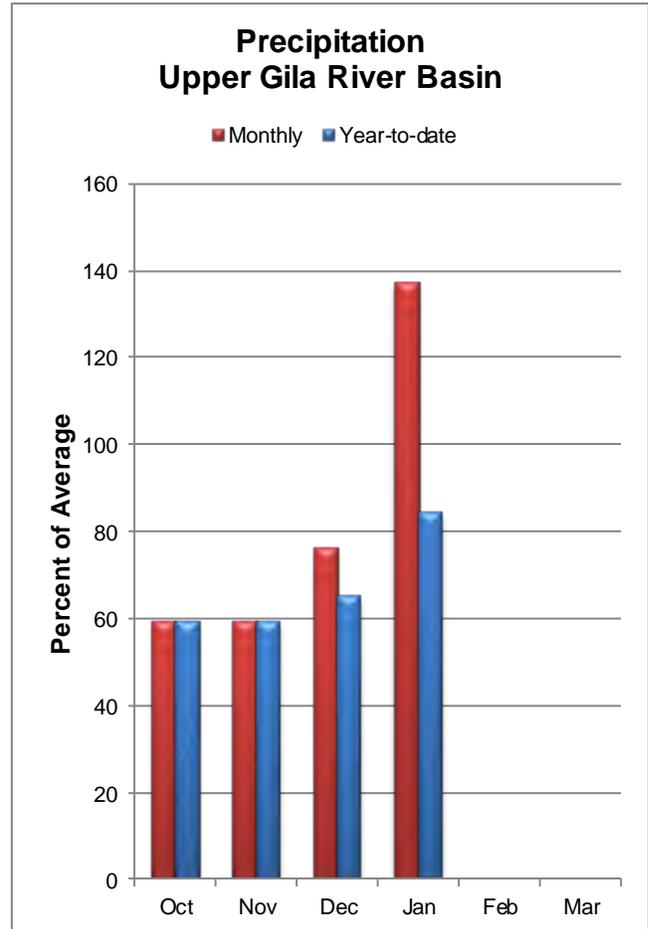
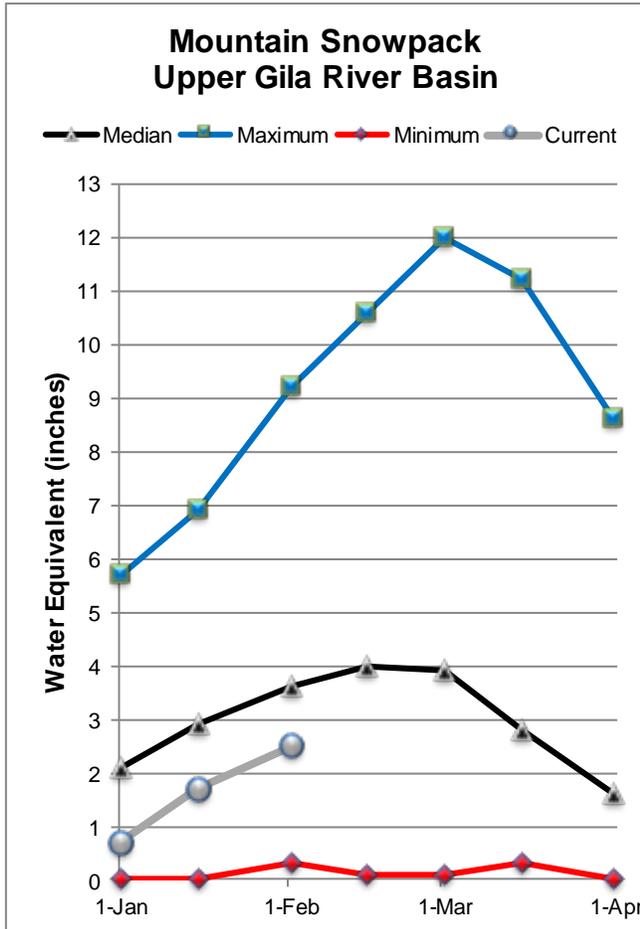
- 1) 90% and 10% exceedance probabilities are actually 95% and 5%
- 2) Forecasts are for unimpaired flows. Actual flow will be dependent on management of upstream reservoirs and diversions
- 3) Median value used in place of average

Reservoir Storage End of January, 2015	Current (KAF)	Last Year (KAF)	Average (KAF)	Capacity (KAF)
Verde River Reservoir System	115.5	144.0	154.4	287.4
Basin-wide Total	115.5	144.0	154.4	287.4
# of reservoirs	1	1	1	1

Watershed Snowpack Analysis February 1, 2015	# of Sites	% Median	Last Year % Median
VERDE RIVER BASIN	12	29%	30%

SAN FRANCISCO-UPPER GILA RIVER BASIN as of February 1, 2015

Below normal streamflow levels are forecast for the basin. In the San Francisco River, at Clifton, the forecast calls for 78% of median streamflow levels through May. In the Gila River, near Solomon, the forecast also calls for 78% of median streamflow levels through May. At San Carlos Reservoir, inflow to the lake is forecast at 86% of median through May. Snow survey measurements show the snowpack for this basin to be at 70% of median.



San Francisco-Upper Gila River Basin Streamflow Forecasts - February 1, 2015

Forecast Exceedance Probabilities for Risk Assessment
Chance that actual volume will exceed forecast

SAN FRANCISCO-UPPER GILA RIVER BASIN	Forecast Period	90% (KAF)	70% (KAF)	50% (KAF)	% Avg	30% (KAF)	10% (KAF)	30yr Avg (KAF)
Gila R at Gila ³	FEB-MAY	16.8	28	38	76%	50	72	50
Gila R bl Blue Ck nr Virden ³	FEB-MAY	14.6	34	52	83%	73	111	63
San Francisco R at Glenwood ³	FEB-MAY	5.6	11.3	16.8	92%	24	38	18.2
San Francisco R at Clifton ³	FEB-MAY	10.6	26	40	78%	57	87	51
Gila R nr Solomon ³	FEB			28	122%			23
San Carlos Reservoir Inflow ³	FEB-MAY	27	63	96	78%	135	205	123
	FEB-MAY	6.8	36	70	86%	114	198	81

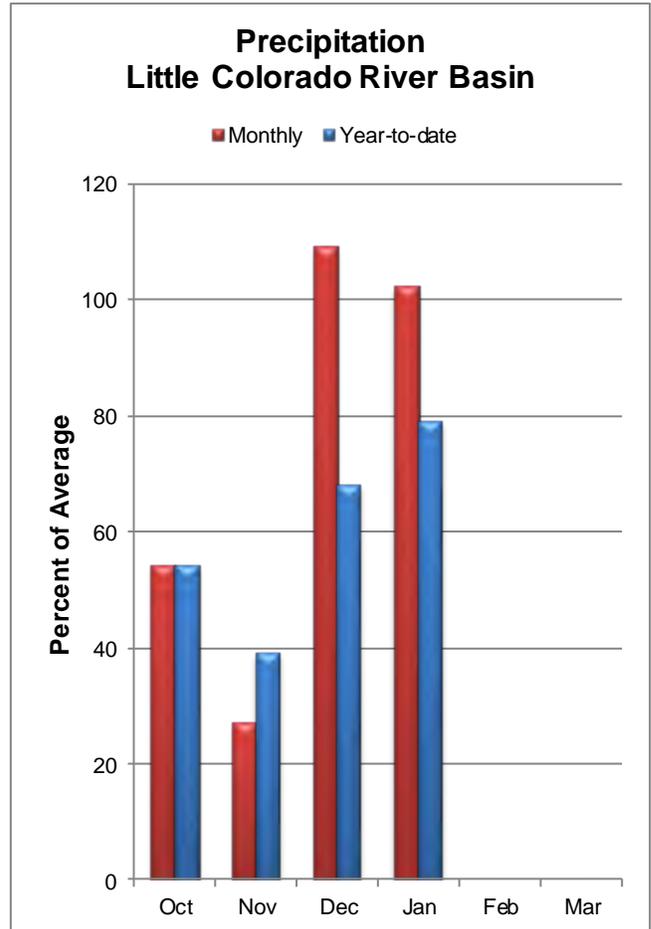
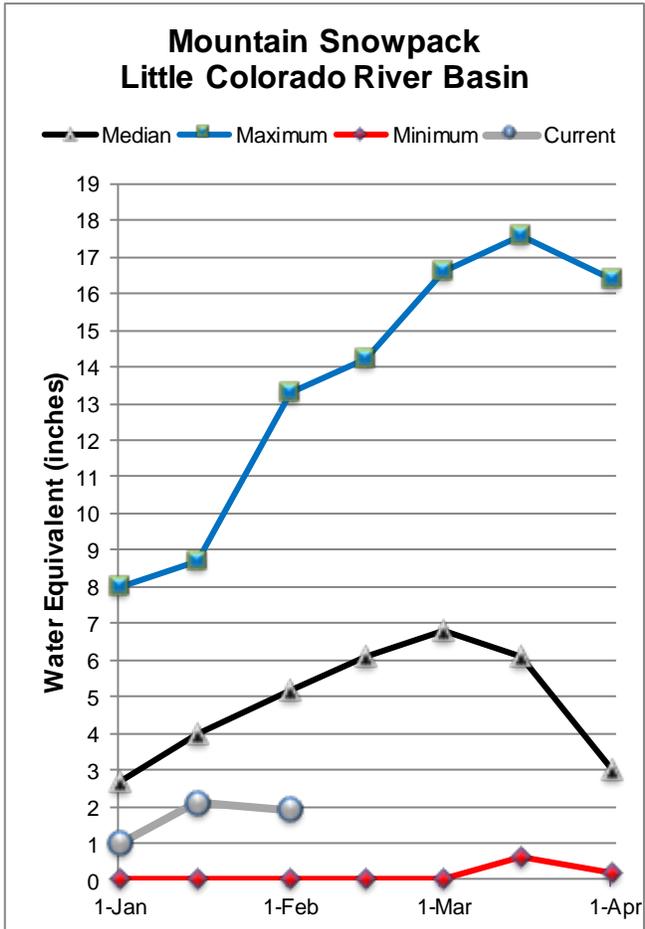
- 1) 90% and 10% exceedance probabilities are actually 95% and 5%
- 2) Forecasts are for unimpaired flows. Actual flow will be dependent on management of upstream reservoirs and diversions
- 3) Median value used in place of average

Reservoir Storage End of January, 2015	Current (KAF)	Last Year (KAF)	Average (KAF)	Capacity (KAF)
San Carlos Reservoir	88.7	127.8	366.8	875.0
Basin-wide Total	88.7	127.8	366.8	875.0
# of reservoirs	1	1	1	1

Watershed Snowpack Analysis February 1, 2015	# of Sites	% Median	Last Year % Median
SAN FRANCISCO-UPPER GILA RIVER BASIN	11	67%	27%

LITTLE COLORADO RIVER BASIN as of February 1, 2015

Well below normal streamflow levels are forecast for the basin. In the Little Colorado River, above Lyman Lake, the forecast calls for 48% of median streamflow through June. At Blue Ridge (C.C. Cragin) Reservoir, inflow to the lake is forecast at 49% of median through May. Snowpacks along the southern headwaters of the Little Colorado River, and along the central Mogollon Rim, were measured at 37% and 24% of median, respectively.



Little Colorado River Basin Streamflow Forecasts - February 1, 2015

Forecast Exceedance Probabilities for Risk Assessment
Chance that actual volume will exceed forecast

LITTLE COLORADO RIVER BASIN	Forecast Period	90% (KAF)	70% (KAF)	50% (KAF)	% Avg	30% (KAF)	10% (KAF)	30yr Avg (KAF)
Little Colorado R ab Lyman Lake ³	FEB-JUN	1.17	2.2	3.2	48%	4.4	6.8	6.6
Rio Nutria nr Ramah ³	FEB-MAY	0.05	0.37	0.86	61%	1.65	3.5	1.4
Ramah Reservoir Inflow ³	FEB-MAY	0	0.1	0.47	61%	1.12	2.6	0.77
Zuni R ab Black Rock Reservoir ³	FEB-MAY	0	0.021	0.24	63%	0.9	3.2	0.38
Blue Ridge Reservoir Inflow ³	FEB-MAY	1.66	4.7	8	49%	12.6	22	16.3
Lake Mary Reservoir Inflow ³	FEB-MAY	1.2	1.29	2	47%	2.9	4.8	4.3

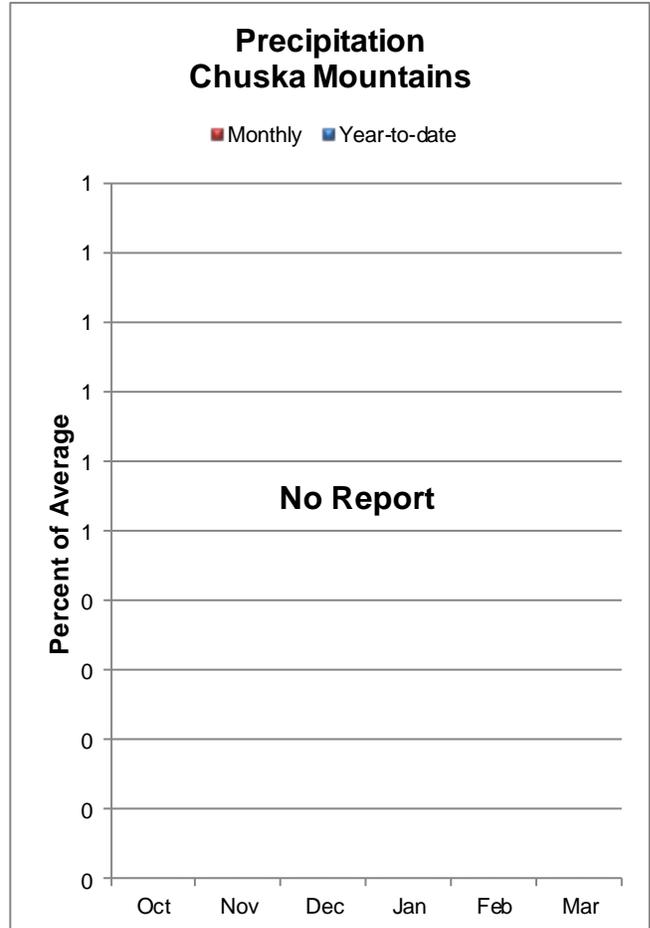
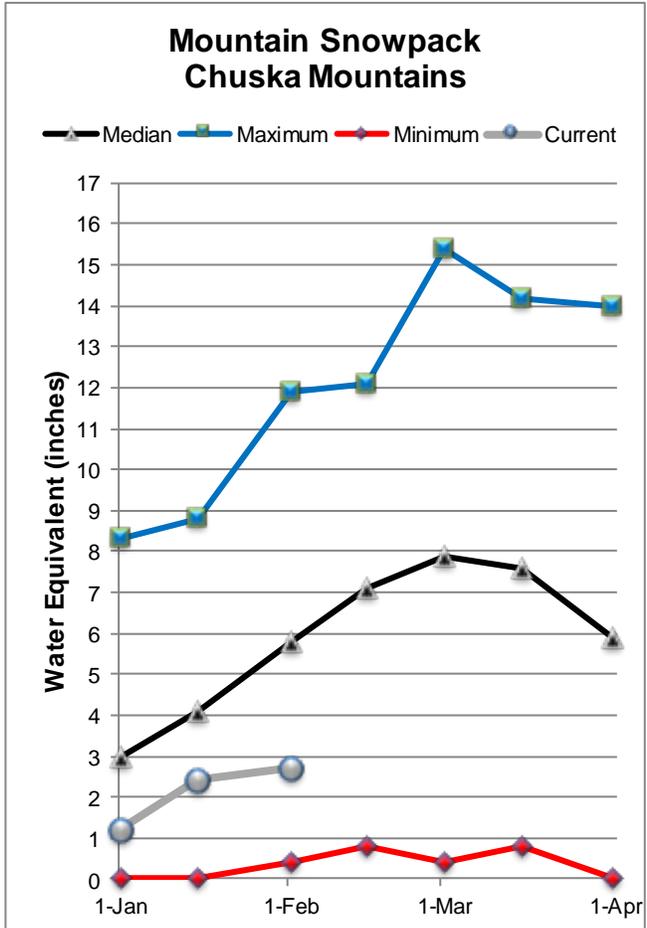
- 1) 90% and 10% exceedance probabilities are actually 95% and 5%
- 2) Forecasts are for unimpaired flows. Actual flow will be dependent on management of upstream reservoirs and diversions
- 3) Median value used in place of average

Reservoir Storage End of January, 2015	Current (KAF)	Last Year (KAF)	Average (KAF)	Capacity (KAF)
Lyman Reservoir	4.1	9.1	12.3	30.0
Basin-wide Total	4.1	9.1	12.3	30.0
# of reservoirs	1	1	1	1

Watershed Snowpack Analysis February 1, 2015	# of Sites	% Median	Last Year % Median
LITTLE COLORADO RIVER BASIN	10	37%	32%
CENTRAL MOGOLLON RIM	4	24%	24%

CHUSKA MOUNTAINS as of February 1, 2015

Snow survey measurements conducted by staff of the Navajo Nation Water Management Branch show the Chuska snowpack to be at 47% of median. Well below normal runoff is forecast for Wheatfields Creek, Captain Tom Wash, and Bowl Canyon Creek.



Chuska Mountains Streamflow Forecasts - February 1, 2015

Forecast Exceedance Probabilities for Risk Assessment
Chance that actual volume will exceed forecast

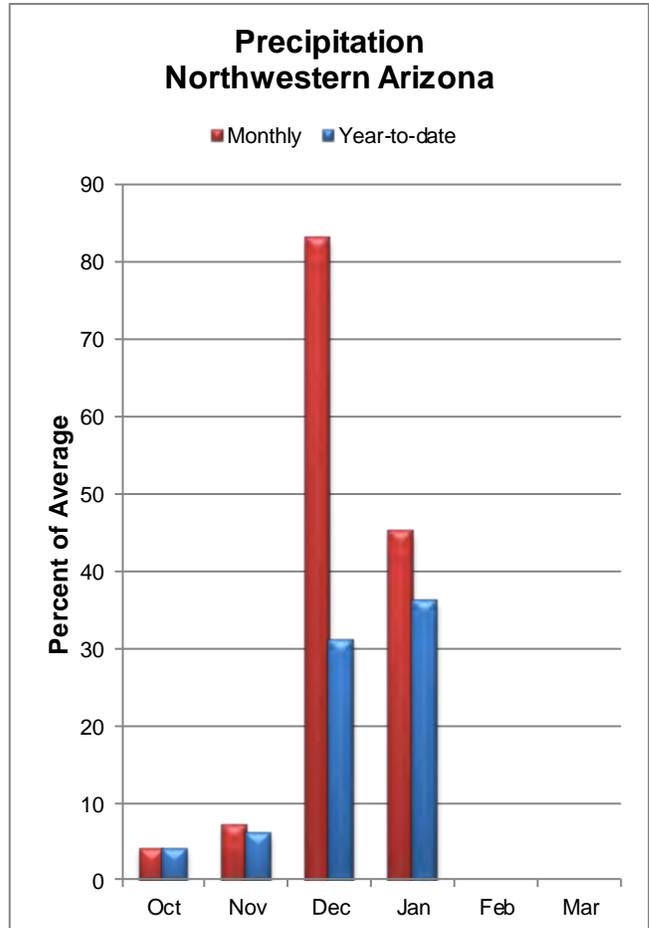
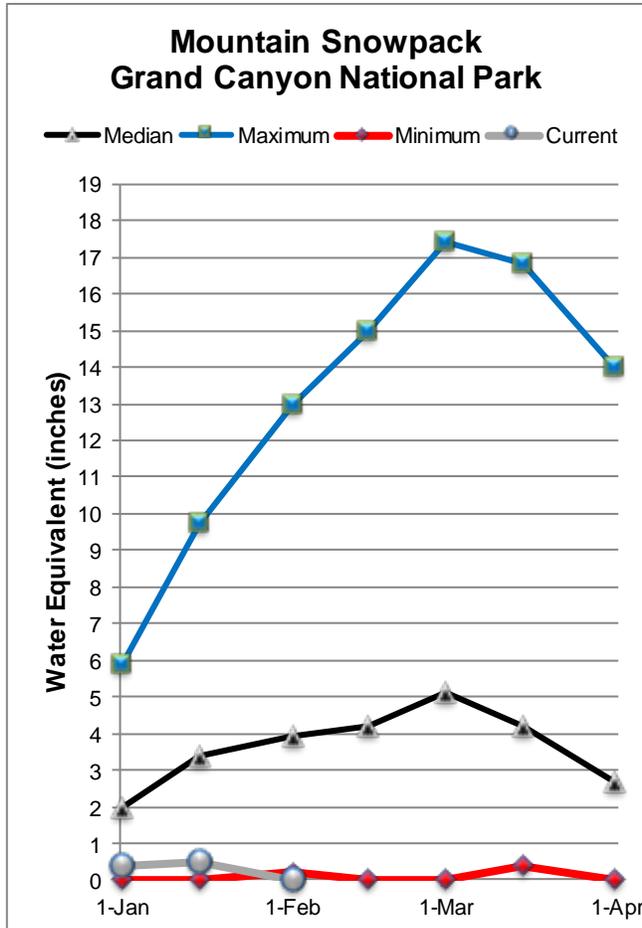
CHUSKA MOUNTAINS	Forecast Period	90% (KAF)	70% (KAF)	50% (KAF)	% Avg	30% (KAF)	10% (KAF)	30yr Avg (KAF)
Captain Tom Wash nr Two Gray Hills	MAR-MAY	0.15	0.72	1.5	58%	2.7	5.4	2.6
Wheatfields Ck nr Wheatfields	MAR-MAY	0.36	0.68	1.1	52%	1.62	2.6	2.1
Bowl Canyon Ck ab Asaayi Lake	MAR-MAY	0.25	0.48	0.75	58%	1.08	1.68	1.3

- 1) 90% and 10% exceedance probabilities are actually 95% and 5%
- 2) Forecasts are for unimpaired flows. Actual flow will be dependent on management of upstream reservoirs and diversions
- 3) Median value used in place of average

Watershed Snowpack Analysis February 1, 2015	# of Sites	% Median	Last Year % Median
CHUSKA MOUNTAINS	6	47%	36%
DEFIANCE PLATEAU	1	62%	15%

NORTHWESTERN ARIZONA as of February 1, 2015

On the Colorado River, well below normal inflow to Lake Powell is forecast at 70% of the 30-year average for the forecast period April-July. At the Grand Canyon, measurements conducted by park rangers show the snowpack to be at 0% of median.



Northwestern Arizona Streamflow Forecasts - February 1, 2015

Forecast Exceedance Probabilities for Risk Assessment
Chance that actual volume will exceed forecast

NORTHWESTERN ARIZONA	Forecast Period	90% (KAF)	70% (KAF)	50% (KAF)	% Avg	30% (KAF)	10% (KAF)	30yr Avg (KAF)
Virgin R at Littlefield	APR-JUL	15	17	19.1	29%	32	58	65
Lake Powell Inflow ²	APR-JUL	2620	3940	5000	70%	6180	8150	7160

1) 90% and 10% exceedance probabilities are actually 95% and 5%

2) Forecasts are for unimpaired flows. Actual flow will be dependent on management of upstream reservoirs and diversions

3) Median value used in place of average

Reservoir Storage End of January, 2015	Current (KAF)	Last Year (KAF)	Average (KAF)	Capacity (KAF)
Lake Havasu	585.2	547.8	556.4	619.0
Lake Mohave	1697.0	1640.0	1676.0	1810.0
Lake Mead	10739.0	12543.0	20452.0	26159.0
Lake Powell	11146.0	9819.0	17338.0	24322.0
Basin-wide Total	24167.2	24549.8	40022.4	52910.0
# of reservoirs	4	4	4	4

Watershed Snowpack Analysis February 1, 2015	# of Sites	% Median	Last Year % Median
NORTHWESTERN ARIZONA	2	0%	12%

Basinwide Summary: February 1, 2015
(Averages/Medians based on 1981-2010 reference period)

Snowpack Summary for February 1, 2015

Map Num	SALT RIVER BASIN	Network	Elevation (ft)	Depth (in)	SWE (in)	Median (in)	% Median	Last Year SWE (in)	Last Year % Median
5	Baldy	SNOTEL	9125	13	4.4	6.4	69%	2.9	45%
7	Beaver Head	SNOTEL	7990	6	2.6	3.4	76%	2.5	74%
8	Beaver Head	SC	8000	5	1.2	2.0	60%	0.0	0%
12	Buck Spring	SC	7400	0	0.0	2.0	0%	0.0	0%
16	Coronado Trail	SNOTEL	8400	7	1.5	3.2	47%	0.0	0%
17	Coronado Trail	SC	8350	8	0.8	2.0	40%	0.0	0%
19	Fort Apache	SC	9160	12	2.5	6.8	37%	2.6	38%
24	Hannagan Meadows	SNOTEL	9020	27	6.8	8.3	82%	3.7	45%
29	Maverick Fork	SNOTEL	9200	20	5.2	6.8	76%	2.8	41%
34	Nutriosio	SC	8500	0	0.0	1.2	0%	0.0	0%
35	Nutriosio	SNOTEL	8500	1	0.4			0.0	
42	Wildcat	SNOTEL	7850	4	1.2	3.0	40%	0.0	0%
44	Workman Creek	SNOTEL	6900	2	0.7	4.5	16%	1.8	40%
Basin Index							54%		33%
# of sites							12		12

Map Num	VERDE RIVER BASIN	Network	Elevation (ft)	Depth (in)	SWE (in)	Median (in)	% Median	Last Year SWE (in)	Last Year % Median
2	Baker Butte	SNOTEL	7300	1	0.1	4.3	2%	0.4	9%
3	Baker Butte No. 2	SC	7700	8	2.7	6.9	39%	3.1	45%
4	Baker Butte Smt	SNOTEL	7700	7	3.2			5.1	
6	Bar M	SNOTEL	6393	0	0.0			0.3	
13	Chalender	SC	7100	0	0.0	1.8	0%	0.2	11%
14	Chalender	SNOTEL	7100	0	0.0			1.2	
20	Fort Valley	SC	7350	0	0.0	1.8	0%	0.0	0%
21	Fort Valley	SNOTEL	7350	0	0.0			0.1	
22	Fry	SNOTEL	7200	4	2.0	5.0	40%	3.6	72%
25	Happy Jack	SNOTEL	7630	4	1.9	3.8	50%	3.4	89%
26	Happy Jack	SC	7630	0	0.1	3.2	3%	0.2	6%
30	Mormon Mountain	SNOTEL	7500	1	0.3	4.0	8%	0.9	23%
31	Mormon Mountain Summit #2	SC	8470	14	4.0	7.7	52%	0.0	0%
32	Mormon Mtn Summit	SNOTEL	8500	11	3.2			3.4	
33	Newman Park	SC	6750	0	0.0	2.0	0%	0.0	0%
41	White Horse Lake	SNOTEL	7180	1	0.4	3.4	12%	0.0	0%
43	Williams Ski Run	SC	7720	6	2.8	5.6	50%	3.1	55%
Basin Index							29%		30%
# of sites							12		12

Map Num	SAN FRANCISCO PEAKS	Network	Elevation (ft)	Depth (in)	SWE (in)	Median (in)	% Median	Last Year SWE (in)	Last Year % Median
37	Snow Bowl #2	SC	11200	20	5.5	11.6	47%	5.4	47%
38	Snowslide Canyon	SNOTEL	9730	30	8.5	10.0	85%	9.5	95%
Basin Index							65%		69%
# of sites							2		2

Map Num	SAN FRANCISCO-UPPER GILA RIVER BASIN	Network	Elevation (ft)	Depth (in)	SWE (in)	Median (in)	% Median	Last Year SWE (in)	Last Year % Median
8	Beaver Head	SNOTEL	7990	6	2.6	3.4	76%	2.5	74%
9	Beaver Head	SC	8000	5	1.2	2.0	60%	0.0	0%
16	Coronado Trail	SNOTEL	8400	7	1.5	3.2	47%	0.0	0%
17	Coronado Trail	SC	8350	8	0.8	2.0	40%	0.0	0%
	Frisco Divide	SNOTEL	8000	5	2.0	2.5	80%	1.4	56%
24	Hannagan Meadows	SNOTEL	9020	27	6.8	8.3	82%	3.7	45%
	Hummingbird - Aerial And Snow Course	SC	10550			8.9			
	Lookout Mountain	SNOTEL	8500	2	0.5	2.3	22%	0.3	13%
34	Nutriosio	SC	8500	0	0.0	1.2	0%	0.0	0%
35	Nutriosio	SNOTEL	8500	1	0.4			0.0	
	Signal Peak	SNOTEL	8360	9	3.4	3.9	87%	0.0	0%

Silver Creek Divide	SNOTEL	9000	13	4.8	6.1	79%	1.5	25%
State Line	SC	8000	4	1.1	1.8	61%	0.6	33%
Whitewater - Aerial And Snow Course	SC	10750			17.8			

Basin Index **67%** **27%**
of sites 11 11

Map Num	LITTLE COLORADO RIVER BASIN	Network	Elevation (ft)	Depth (in)	SWE (in)	Median (in)	% Median	Last Year SWE (in)	Last Year % Median
2	Baker Butte	SNOTEL	7300	1	0.1	4.3	2%	0.4	9%
3	Baker Butte No. 2	SC	7700	8	2.7	6.9	39%	3.1	45%
4	Baker Butte Smt	SNOTEL	7700	7	3.2			5.1	
6	Baldy	SNOTEL	9125	13	4.4	6.4	69%	2.9	45%
12	Buck Spring	SC	7400	0	0.0	2.0	0%	0.0	0%
15	Cheese Springs	SC	8700	10	1.9	4.2	45%	1.2	29%
19	Fort Apache	SC	9160	12	2.5	6.8	37%	2.6	38%
27	Heber	SNOTEL	7640	2	0.3	4.6	7%	0.0	0%
28	Lake Mary	SC	6930	0	0.0	3.0	0%	1.8	60%
29	Maverick Fork	SNOTEL	9200	20	5.2	6.8	76%	2.8	41%
36	Promontory	SNOTEL	7930	6	2.4	7.2	33%	2.0	28%

Basin Index **37%** **32%**
of sites 10 10

Map Num	CENTRAL MOGOLLON RIM	Network	Elevation (ft)	Depth (in)	SWE (in)	Median (in)	% Median	Last Year SWE (in)	Last Year % Median
2	Baker Butte	SNOTEL	7300	1	0.1	4.3	2%	0.4	9%
3	Baker Butte No. 2	SC	7700	8	2.7	6.9	39%	3.1	45%
4	Baker Butte Smt	SNOTEL	7700	7	3.2			5.1	
27	Heber	SNOTEL	7640	2	0.3	4.6	7%	0.0	0%
36	Promontory	SNOTEL	7930	6	2.4	7.2	33%	2.0	28%

Basin Index **24%** **24%**
of sites 4 4

Map Num	CHUSKA MOUNTAINS	Network	Elevation (ft)	Depth (in)	SWE (in)	Median (in)	% Median	Last Year SWE (in)	Last Year % Median
9	Beaver Spring	SC	9220	11	2.6	7.7	34%	2.2	29%
10	Beaver Spring	SNOTEL	9200	14	3.4			3.4	
	Bowl Canyon	SC	8980	16	3.2	5.8	55%	2.2	38%
	Hidden Valley	SC	8480	9	2.5			1.1	
	Missionary Spring	SC	7940	3	0.9	3.6	25%	0.0	0%
39	Tsaile Canyon #1	SC	8160	7	2.2	4.8	46%	2.3	48%
40	Tsaile Canyon #3	SC	8920	14	3.6	6.3	57%	3.0	48%
	Whiskey Creek	SC	9050	15	3.6	6.3	57%	2.8	44%
	Navajo Whiskey Ck	SNOTEL	9050	14	3.5			1.0	

Basin Index **47%** **36%**
of sites 6 6

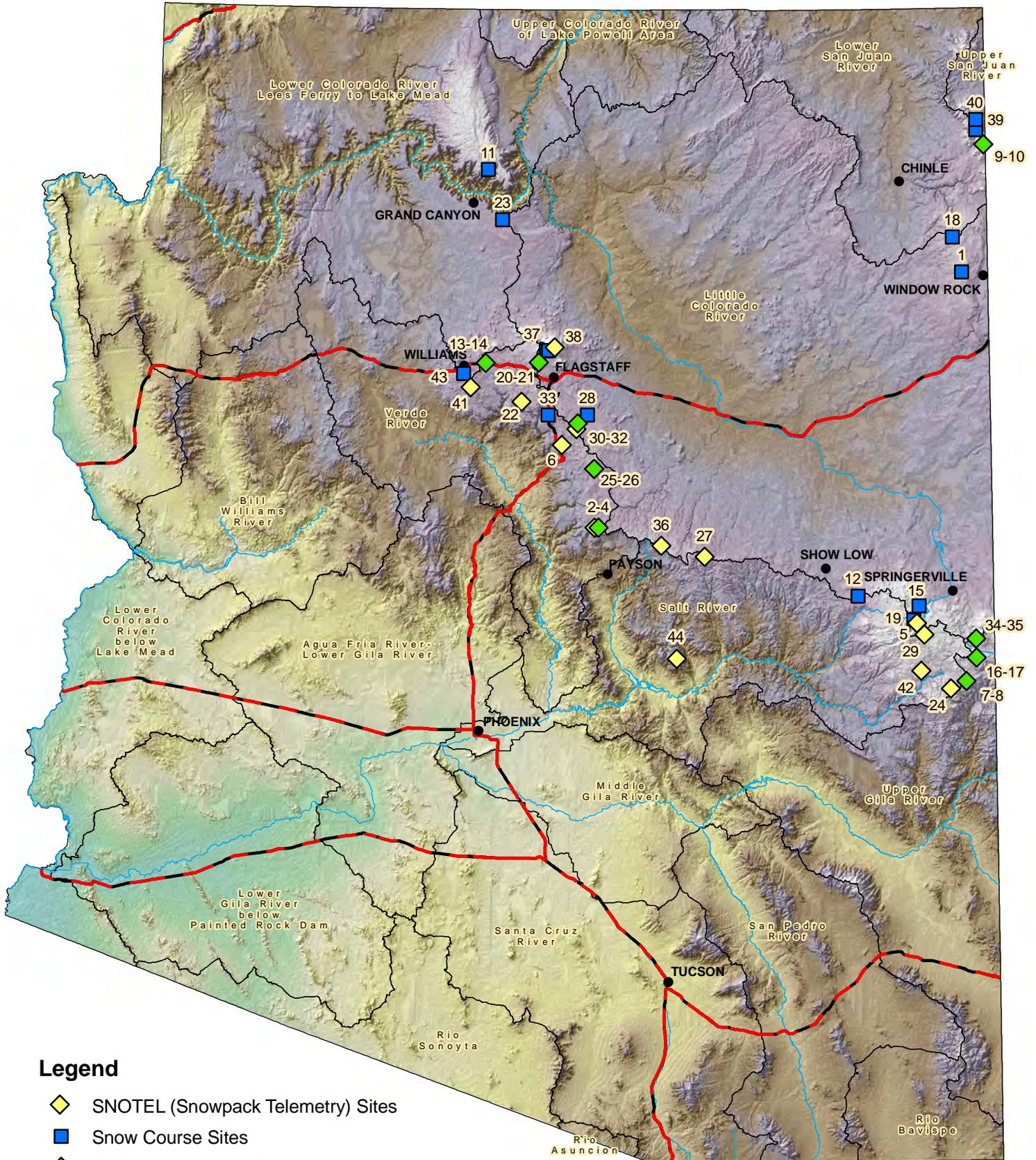
Map Num	DEFIANCE PLATEAU	Network	Elevation (ft)	Depth (in)	SWE (in)	Median (in)	% Median	Last Year SWE (in)	Last Year % Median
18	Fluted Rock	SC	7800	5	1.6	2.6	62%	0.4	15%

Basin Index **62%** **15%**
of sites 1 1

Map Num	NORTHWESTERN ARIZONA	Network	Elevation (ft)	Depth (in)	SWE (in)	Median (in)	% Median	Last Year SWE (in)	Last Year % Median
11	Bright Angel	SC	8400	0	0.0	5.4	0%	0.9	17%
23	Grand Canyon	SC	7500	0	0.0	2.3	0%	0.0	0%

Basin Index **0%** **12%**
of sites 2 2

Arizona Snow Survey Data Sites



Legend

-  SNOTEL (Snowpack Telemetry) Sites
-  Snow Course Sites
-  SNOTEL and Snow Course Sites
-  Basin Boundaries

